



Teacher's Guide

Virginia Evans



RECIDED 5

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Lesson guidelines

Round-up is a fun, practical grammar practice book that supplements your coursebook. It is perfect for extra grammar practice at the end of a lesson or as homework. It has good, clear exercises that can be used with all sorts of learners who need practice in general English grammar. Book Five is for intermediate students.

Round-up 5 Grammar Practice is divided into 15 units, each of which focuses on two or three areas of grammar. Within each unit there are clear and colourful grammar reference boxes and a series of straightforward, mainly write-in activities to practise the grammar. Every fourth or fifth unit there is a revision unit which gives the students the chance to consolidate what they have learnt in the previous units. Throughout the book there are oral activities or games, which allow students to have fun while they learn English. In addition, a series of writing activities provides freer, more personalised practice.

This updated version provides Pre-Tests and Progress Tests. Use the Pre-Tests to help you and your students identify the grammar points that need further explanation and practice. You can use the Pre-Tests in two ways:

- 1. As a diagnostic test to help you identify grammar points that students have difficulty with.
- 2. To help students identify the grammar points they need to revise and practise before they do the Revision at the end of each section.

The Progress Tests provide a test for every two units.

Your Teacher's Guide has the answer key for the exercises and the Pre-Tests and Progress Tests in the Student's Book. as well as a set of photocopiable tests with keys. The tests are laid out so that students can write most of their answers on the test papers. They will need to use their notebooks for longer answers where there is not enough space on the test papers for the students to answer the questions fully. These tests can save you time and give you (and your students) a good idea of their progress. Students will be well prepared for each test once they have successfully completed the appropriate revision unit.

Using Round-up

Choose exercises from the Grammar Practice book that practise or revise language that has been presented. You may want to use whole units or select parts of units. Do not feel that you have to use all the exercises in a unit.

The exercises can be used by simply following the instructions in the book and students write in the answers. Or, when there is time in class, you can use them orally first with the class or in pairwork or groupwork.

Oral practice

It is a good idea to do the exercises orally first, then go on to do the writing. English spelling can be confusing. By starting with oral practice, students get a chance to hear how the word sounds and concentrate on the meaning before they have to start worrying about the form.

Whole class

Round-up Grammar Practice includes several exercises that you can use with the whole class to work on students' pronunciation and intonation. These are especially well-suited to whole class practice because they give you a chance to check on students' pronunciation and help them improve it through student-student correction or by modelling the pronunciation yourself. The exercises that are well-suited to this type of oral practice are:

Exercise 1 (Third person singular) Exercise 23 ('-ed' endings)

Give students time to look at the exercises before they have to do them out loud. Then, select students at random to do the exercises. If students do not know who will be asked to speak next, they will have to pay closer attention and concentrate on all the items in case they are chosen next.

In exercise 345 (question-tag intonation) you will need to refer to the key in the Teacher's Book for the intonation patterns. Read the sentences aloud while students tick the appropriate column. Check answers then get students to produce the correct intonation.

Many of the exercises are worth using the whole class to help them get used to oral practice. For example, exercises 94 (modals), 124 (passive), 168 (conjunctions), 202 (reported speech), 260 and 261 (comparatives) and 331 (prepositions).

Pairwork

Many of the exercises can easily be done by the students in pairs. Pairwork is vital because it ensures that everyone gets the chance to speak. Like groupwork, it also allows you to spend time with students who might be having difficulties. There are several different ways to vary the pairwork. Here are some examples.

 The simplest way is for the students to work together (in closed pairs) to complete the exercises orally first, then in writing. When most of the students have finished, check the answers in open pairs so that everyone in the class can hear.

Some exercises that work well this way are: Exercises 4, 24, 32, 52, 75, 86, 100 and 180.

 Some of the exercises can be done as dialogues. First students do the exercise in closed pairs: e.g., one student asks the questions, the other replies. When they finish, they reverse the roles. Then, in open pairs, choose a student to ask a question and one to reply.

Practising the dialogues in closed pairs helps the students gain confidence and allows you to monitor and correct errors before they have to speak in front of the whole class.

Exercises that have dialogue parts and suit this type of pairwork are:

Exercises 10, 14, 49, 57, 96, 106 and 367.

Groupwork

 Put the students into groups to go through the exercises orally first, then to do the written work together. When most groups have finished, select a few to feedback to the class at the end

Some of the exercises that work well in groups are:

Exercises 26, 60, 91, 164, 254 and 289.

2. Communication activities:

Exercise 348 can be extended and used as a group activity by adapting the grid in the book.

- 1. Students ask and answer the questions about the grid in pairs.
- 2. They copy the grid, substituting their names in the book.
- They stand up and ask each other about whether they can speak Italian, play the violin, etc.
- Stop the activity when they have complete information about each person in their group. Choose a few to feed back to the whole class.

The activity gives students a lot of practice and allows you to listen for mistakes and problems.

Grammar boxes and tables

The grammar boxes and tables sum up the key points in each unit. Students can refer to these while they are doing the practice activities and later when they are revising. Encourage them to use the boxes and to reread them often. In addition to grammar reference, they also provide information on the spelling and pronunciation areas that can easily cause students problems. A comprehensive table of irregular verbs and a summary of tenses at the back of the book provide students with extra consolidation material.

Guessing new words

Students should be encouraged to use their own language and words that they already know in English to guess the meaning of new vocabulary.

In Book 5, students are able to use context to help them guess the meanings of new words. When students come across a new word they should try to decide what part of speech it is: a verb, a noun, an adjective, etc. They can look at the other words in the sentence to determine what the word means.

Encourage students to keep a record of new vocabulary. The record should include the correct spelling of the word, the word used in a sentence and the word's meaning.

1. Present Forms

1.	+ s		ss, sh, ch, x, o + es		vowel + y + s		consonant + y ♦ ies	
	writes drops	drives sneezes	goes mixes	kisses reaches smashes	says	pays buys	dries	cries tries

2.	+ ing	- ie ♦ y + ing	- e ♦ ing	double consonant + ing
	bringing going crying	lying tying	using hoping coming	rubbing running putting

- 3. 2 met 3 swum 4. finished 5. brought 6. sent 7. written 8. read
- 4. 3. h 4. f 5. b 7. d 8. c 9. i 2. g 6. a 10. i
- 5. 2. am (stative verb)
 - 3. is having (action happening at the time of speaking)
 - 4. often takes (habitual action)
 - 5. are you phoning (action happening at the time of speaking)
- 6. am coming (fixed arrangement in the near
- 7. does your train arrive (timetable)
- 8. leaves (timetable)
- 9. arrives (timetable)

6. 2. taste

8.

- 6. smell
- 3. Are you enjoying 7. don't know
 - 8. are you feeling

5. has

- 10. comes
- 11. looks
- 15. is being 12. is listening

14. weighs

- 9. are you smelling 13. aren't looking
- 7. 2. 'm looking (moment of speaking)
 - 3. think (stative verb)

4. are you thinking

- 4. looks (stative verb; he appears to be)
- 5. doesn't fit (stative verb)
- 6. agree (stative verb)
- 7. appears (stative verb)
- 8. is thinking (moment of speaking; is considering)
- 9. is (stative verb)

2. already

10. looks (stative verb; he appears to be)

- 11. weighs (stative verb)
- 12. hope (stative verb)
- 13. 'm seeing (fixed arrangement in the near future)
- 14. is taking (fixed arrangement in the near future)
- 15. is being (= behaving)
- 16. wants (stative verb)
- 17. see (stative verb; understand)
- 3. already
- 5. already 6. yet
- 6. for 7. since 9. 2. since 3. for 4. since 5. since
- 4. Has, been/gone to 5. has been to 10. 2. has, been in 3. have gone to
- 6. for 11. 4. How long 5. often 2. yet since

4. yet

- 5. i 6. b 7. e 8. q 9. f 10. c 12. 2. h 3. i 4. a
- 13. 2. has just passed
 - 3. hasn't written

 - 4. has been studying 5. has been building
- 6. hasn't been feeling
- 7. has visited
- 8. has had
- 9. hasn't opened

- 10. have been painting
- 11. Have you seen

5. are always arguing 8. keep on 14. 2. haven't found 6. Have you ever complained 9. haven't been able 3. do you want 4. are 7. don't stop/haven't stopped 10. have been feeling 6, 've built 8. 've been talking 4. haven't seen 2. 've survived 15. 7. haven't spoken 5. has been raining 3. 've been eating 10. are always drinking 2. has been washing 6. have never seen 16. 7. have washed (annoyance) 3. use 11. are you going 4. is 8. make 12. am seeing (= am visiting) 5. have been living/ 9. are always making (repeated have lived action showing annoyance)

Oral Activity 1 (Suggested answers)

Team B S3: She rarely irons her clothes. Teacher: in the morning Team A S2: She cleans the room in the morning. Teacher: tonight Teacher: iust Team A S4: She is ironing her clothes tonight. Team B S2: She has just cleaned the room. Teacher: recently Teacher: for an hour Team B S4: She has recently ironed her clothes. Team A S3: She has been cleaning the room for Teacher: since 8 o'clock

an hour. Teacher: she/iron/clothes rarely		Team A S5: She has been ironing her clothes since 8 o'clock. etc.			
Oral Activ	ity 2 (Suggested answers)				
Teacher:	always	Teacher:	for		
Team A S3	B: My brother always sleeps late.	Team B S4:	We have been planning the picnic for		
Teacher:	just		days.		
Team B S3	B: My brother has just woken up.	Teacher:	often		
Teacher:	now	Team A S5:	We often go on picnics in the summer.		
Team A S4	: Now we are all getting ready to go.		etc.		
Mriting A	stivity 1 (Suggested anguar)				

Writing Activity 1 (Suggested answer)

Dear Ted,

- 1. I'm writing to you from London.
- 2. I've been here for a week and I'm enjoying myself very much.
- 3. So far I have seen most of the important historic places.
- 4. I usually spend several hours every day in museums and galleries.
- 5. The hotel where I'm staying is lovely but it is very expensive,
- 6. so I'm planning/I plan to move to a cheaper one for the rest of my stay.
- 7. Tomorrow I'm taking a trip through Kent which I'm looking forward to.
- 8. I hope you are OK.

See you soon, Richard

Writing Activity 2 (Suggested answer)

Her children are **pleased** as well because now they have a garden to play in. Paul is getting **desperate** because he can't find a job, but I think he'll find one soon. Kate is very **sad** because she has lost her dog. Jane is **depressed** because she has failed her exams. David is rather **angry** because you haven't written to him, so I hope you will soon.

Love, Pam

- 17. 2. ... the most boring film I've ever seen.
- 4 the most delicious meal she's ever had.
- 3. ... the first time he has ever been to New York. 5. ... the first time she has ever flown.
- 2. It's the funniest story she has ever heard. 4. She has never had such a bad headache before. 18.
 - 3. She has never read Tolstoy before.
- 5. It's the first time he has ever played cricket.

- 2. down 19.
- 3. into
- 4. out
- 5. into
- 6. out
- 7. down

- 20. 2. in
- 4. with, for
- 6. in
- 8. of
- 10. with
- 12. at/by

- 3. to. for
- 5. of
- 7. at
- 9. of
- 11. of

- 21. 2. be in your shoes
- 4. are on good terms
- 6. did his best
- 8. is in a good mood

- 3. do for a living
- 5. am broke
- 7. do me a favour

2. Past Forms

22.	e ♦ + d		double consonant + ed		consonant + y ♦ ied		vowel + y + ed	
	danced	smiled lived	stopped	travelled preferred	cried	fried emptied	played	destroyed stayed

23.	/id/		/t/		/d/	
	after /t/, /d/		after /k/, /s/, /ʃ/,/p/, /tʃ/		after other sounds	
	corrected started	decorated collected suggested	slipped cooked	dressed smashed watched	offered prepared	cleaned watered ironed

- 24. 2. past action in progress interrupted by another past action/was driving, broke down
 - 3. simultaneous past actions/was reading, was sleeping
 - 4. past action of certain duration with visible results in the past/had been working
 - 5. complete past action with visible results in the past/had lost
 - 6. action continuing over a period up to a specific time in the past/had been waiting, arrived
- 25. 2.1 3. a 4. j 5. f 6. c 7. h 8. k 9. i 10. d*
 - (* Winston Churchill is dead; action not connected with the present)
- 26. 2. was lying
- 6. went
- 10. saw
- 14. was carrying

- 3. was watching
- 7. picked up
- 11. was searching
- 15. crashed

11. b

12. g

- 4. heard
- 8. headed for
- 12. was
- 16. turned

- 5. was coming
- 9. opened
- 13. dropped
- 17. saw

Oral Activity 3 (Suggested answers)

(He invited her to dinner.) Where did he take her?

What did they eat?

Did they have coffee afterwards? etc.

(Ann wrote a letter.)

Who did she write to? How long was the letter?

What did she say? etc.

(She bought a new dress.) What colour was it?

How much did it cost? Where did she buy it? etc.

- 2. ... was sleeping on the sofa. She woke up and fell off (it). 27.
 - 3. ... were playing cards. They stopped playing and dropped the cards on the floor.
 - 4. ... was dancing and listening to music. She didn't see them and continued dancing.
 - 5. ... was holding a glass of Coke. She spilt it on the carpet and stained it.
 - 6. ... was smoking. He saw them and threw his cigarette out of the window.

KFY

- 28. 2. had finished, decided: had finished
 - 3. lent, had promised: had promised
 - 4. had left, died: had left

- 5. started, had left: had left
- 6. bought, had sung: had sung
- 7. saw, realised, had met; had met
- 29. 2. past action of certain duration with visible results in the past; had been digging
 - 3. past action of certain duration with visible results in the past; had been arguing
 - 4. past action of certain duration with visible results in the past; had been swimming
 - 5. past action not connected with the present whose time is not mentioned; acted
 - 6. past action connected with the present whose time is not mentioned; has made
 - 7. past action with visible results in the present; has lost
 - 8. personal experience/change; hasn't had
 - 9. past action of certain duration with visible results in the present; has been cycling
 - 10. action continuing over a period up to a specific time in the past;had been waiting
 - 11. action which occurred before another; had already cooked
 - 12. past action of certain duration with visible results in the past; had been reading
 - 13. past action in progress interrupted by another; was cleaning
 - 14. past action at a stated time; discovered
 - 15. simultaneous past actions; was typing, was talking

Oral Activity 4 (Suggested answers)

If Ss have difficulty, help them by asking questions.

eg. picture 7: What's wrong with his clothes? What sort of animal attacks him ... etc.

- 2. She was playing with her cat when it scratched her. / She was trying to pick up the cat when it scratched her.
- 3. He was painting his room when he fell off the ladder and hurt himself. / He was climbing the ladder when he slipped and fell.
- 4. She was chopping onions when she cut her finger. / She was slicing bread when she cut her
- 5. He was walking along the pavement when he slipped on a banana skin and hit his head. / He was going to work when he slipped on a banana skin and hit his head.
- 6. He was driving to work when he crashed his car. / He was learning to drive when he crashed into a lamp-post.
- 7. He was walking along the street when a dog bit him. / He was walking along when a dog started chasing him.
- 8. She was cycling when she fell off and broke her arm. / She was climbing a tree when she fell and broke her arm.
- 30. 2. A/H (while/when)
- 4. H/A (when/while)
- 6. D/H (while/when)
- 8. F (because)

- 3. B (after)
- 5. G/B (and/after)
- 7. C (and)

31. (Suggested answers)

- 2. had been to/had visited
- - 6. had lost his money/wallet
- 10. is sleeping

- 3. it had been raining 4. have been looking/waiting for you
- 8. he goes to the gym/he exercises

5. tried to ride/rode

9. was walking in/to

7. had been running

- 32. 2. past action in progress interrupted by another; was frying
 - 3. past action of certain duration with visible results in the past; had been driving
 - 4. past action in progress interrupted by another; was watching
 - 5. past action in progress interrupted by another; was skiing
 - 6. past action of certain duration with visible results in the past; had been skiing

			KEY		Round-up 5
33.	2. went	7. got	12. scraped	17. had gone	22. headed
	opened	8. went	13. got	18. was	
	4. found	9. found	14. turned	19. had used	
	had drunk	10. had forgotten	15. happened		
	6. had	11. was	16. had left	21. had forgo	tten
34.	but now she ea	in England but now sh rns a lot of money. Sh t up early but now she	e used to walk to	time. She didn't use o work but now she	to earn much money, drives to work. She
35.	2. was going to	put on/wear	3. were goin	g to buy	
36.	 would/used to would/used to used to/would 	o used with we		7. used to/wou 8. used to (bec	Parti.
37.	2. used to/would 3. used to/would		is a stative verb, "v	vould" is not possible l	here) '6. used to
38.	2. have you bee		10. stayed		18. do I start
	3. started	7. went	11. pays	15. told	
	4. am	8. was	12. is	16. thought	1.90
	5. 'm enjoying/e	enjoy 9. did you sta	ay* 13. 'm cal	ling 17. do you t	think
	+ Present Perf	ong + Past S. because the ct when the action is containing that the action is	nnected with the pr		
39.	2. had just left		8. found		14. had stopped
		dying/had studied	9. were		15. reached
	4. felt		10. arrived		16. arrived
	5. wanted	9	11. had just left/	were just leaving	17. sat
	6. looked		12. rang	,	18. had just made
	7. had been rea	ading	13. ran		19. had got up
		pending on the context of we have two options bo		eling of the speaker m	nore than one tenses are
40.	2. had burnt	6. had bee	en playing	10, had got	
	3. had visited	7. had left		11. had been	
	4. (had) met	8. had left		12. had been look	ing after
	E had bannana			40 had have deim	

5. had happened 9. had been raining 13. had been doing

41. 2. decided 4. 've spoken* 6. met* 8. 've already started (action not finished yet) 3. has found 5. 've seen 7. bought

(* 4. Robert Redford is alive; period of time not finished yet)

(* 6. Marilyn Monroe is dead; period of time finished)

42. 1. couldn't, broke, had

- 2. Have you visited, have been, haven't seen
- 3. have burnt, phoned, forgot, have already
- 4. bought, arrived, found, did you do, Have you taken/Did you take, haven't been
- 5. has grown (hair is uncountable noun), saw, wanted, was

- 6. have never flown, felt, flew, enjoyed
- 7. have lost, Have you seen, did you put, put
- 8. Have you ever met, 've spoken, saw
- 9. did you go, Have you been, went, swam
- 10. have just started, left, didn't pay
- 11. did you leave, left, finished, have had
- 12. Did you see, have seen, didn't want

Oral Activity 5 (Suggested answers)

The 2 suspects have agreed on the following:

e.g. S1: What were you doing at 11 o'clock last night? Sus 1: A film.

Sus 1: We were watching TV. S3: What film? etc.

S2: What were you watching?

Suggested questions that Ss can ask in order to find the suspect.

Sus 1:	Terminator 2	S7:	How much was the bill?
S4:	What did you do afterwards?	Sus 1:	£20.
Sus 1:	We went to a restaurant.	S8:	Who paid?
S5:	What did you both have to eat?	Sus 1:	I did.
Sus 1:	I had steak and(S 2) had spaghetti	S9:	How did you get home?
	bolognese.	Sus 1:	We took a taxi.
S6:	Was the waiter wearing a uniform?	S10:	What time did you get home?
Sus 1:	No.	Sus 1:	About 1:30

Suspect 2 enters the room and the students ask him/her the same questions. If any of his answers are different from his partner's, they are accused of committing the murder, although the "detectives" should make him/her answer all the questions before making the accusation as the more he/she answers incorrectly the more "evidence" they have.

e.g.	S1:	Who paid?	S4:	You are accused of committing the murder	
5.77	Sus 2:	I did.		because you say you paid the bill, whereas	
	S2:	How did you get home?		S 1 said he did; you say you took a bus	
	Sus 2:	By bus.		home, whereas your partner said you took a	
	S3: What time did you get home? Sus 2: About 3 o'clock.			taxi; and you say you got home at 3 o'clock,	
				whereas your partner says you got home at about 1:30!	

Oral Activity 6 (Suggested answers)

Ted hasn't phoned her.	10 he had had a party the night before.
4 he had just eaten.	11 he had eaten too much.
5 she hadn't eaten all day.	12 he had been fighting.
6 he has won the race.	13 someone has stolen his car.
7 he hadn't studied.	14 he had fallen out of a tree.
8 he had been eating a burger.	15 she has been walking all day.
9 he had been running for an hour.	16 she's lost her cat.

Writing Activity 3 (Suggested answer)

... I jumped out of the car and ran after them but the men had already disappeared. I didn't see their faces clearly. I went into the house and realised that the men were burglars. They had stolen my video, the TV and a gold antique lamp in the shape of an elephant. In my bedroom, clothes were lying everywhere. I checked my jewellery box and saw that the men had taken my wife's necklace which my mother had given her for Christmas. I found a black glove which one of the men had probably dropped as he was running away. Then I called the police.

8 is making/makes

11 thinks

T does 5 minutes tense drilling before Ss do Exercise 43

5 had

40.	L. Was	o. naa	o. io making/makes	i i. uillino
	3. got	had spoken	9. is opening/is going to open	
	4. was sewing	7. opened	10. has sold/sells	
44.	2. saw	6. has been doing	10. saw	14. had crashed
	3. thought	7. had collected	11. didn't stop	
	4. goes	8. was standing	12. were wearing	
	writes down	had been waitin	g 13. had passed	

43

2 was

- 45. 2. How long is it since she came back? 4. When did he find a new job? 3. The last time I spoke to him was a 5. I haven't seen Chris for a month. week ago. 6. I haven't been to the theatre for a month. 46. 2. round 3. up 4 out 5 round 47. 2 with 4 of 6. with 8. into 10. with 12. to, about 14. to 16 into 3. for 5 at 7. with 9 with 11 with 13. of 15. for 48. 2. is falling/has fallen in love with 5. have an early night 8. got into a mess 3. get along with 6. had the time of my life 9. get rid of 4. have a good time 7. gets on my nerves 3. Future Forms 49. 2. will 3. shall 4 won't 5 will 6. won't 7. Shall 8. will 50. 2. will, not sure vet 4. will, not sure vet 6. will, not sure vet 3. is going to, sure 5. are going to, sure 51. 2. by 3. until 4. by, until 5. by 7. until 6. by 8. by 52. 4 h 2. a 6. a 7. f 8. i 9. b 10. I 11 m 12. k 13.i 53. 2. 'Il get - on-the-spot decision 3. is going to fall - evidence that sth will definitely happen in the near future 4. will scratch - warning 5. are going to get - planned action / intention 6. am seeing - fixed arrangement in the near future 7. Will you be using - asking politely about people's arrangements 8. will have finished - action finished before a stated future time 9. will be doing - action in progress at a stated future time 54. 2. arrives 5. doesn't say 8. comes* 11. 'Il have to 14. 'Il get 3. 'Il give 6. 'Il know 9. 'Il get on 12, reaches 15. drives 4. 'Il recognise 7. 'll take 10 miss 13 'll meet 16, 'll call (* 8. will is not possible here because when is a time word) 55. 2. G, will leave 4. H. go 6. B, will write, can 8. F, will you buy 3. will you do, E 5. A, stops 7. C, come 56. 2. 're going to 4. '11 6. Will 8. 'm going to 3. '11 5. 're going to 7. 'm going to 57. 2. 'Il be sleeping 5. 'll come 8. will you be 3. 'll call 6. will you be doing 9. 'Il be visiting 4. 'll be washing 7. 'Il be getting 10. won't be doing 58. 2. 'll be 4. attend/have attended * 6. leave 8. are* 7. will you give 3. are you going 5. am going to visit/am visiting 9. 'Il ring
 - (* 4. We can use both tenses without any difference in meaning)
 - (* 8. While is a time word; will is not possible here.)

Round-up 5 KEY

59. 2. will have finished

3. will have been living/will have lived

will have written
 will have been driving

6. won't probably have finished

7. will you have been studying

60. 2. am going to try (action intended to be performed in the near future)

3. am going (fixed future arrangement)

4. won't be able

5. does, start (programme)

6. begins (programme)

8. will have forgotten

9. will have been working

10. will have cooked

11. will have read

12. will have made

13. will have been doing

7. am going (rather than am going to go)

8. Will, be

9. Are you doing/Will you be doing

10. will feel

11. is going to be (sure)

 'Il have (after the expression "I'm sure" we use Future Simple)

61. 2. is going to be

6. will go

10. 'll be

3. am going

7. 'm going to meet/'m meeting

11. won't be coming

4. 'Il probably be

8. 'm going to visit

12. 'Il invite

5. 'Il have met

9. will have been travelling

Oral Activity 7 (Suggested answers)

Leader: Shall we go to the cinema tomorrow, Pete?

Team A S2: I'm sorry, I can't. I'm going to Manchester tomorrow.

Leader: Shall we go to the cinema tomorrow, Julie?

Team B S2: I'm sorry, I can't. I'm going to work until late tomorrow.

Leader: Shall we go to the cinema tomorrow, David?

Team A S3: I'm sorry, I can't. I'm going to have dinner out tomorrow.

Leader: Shall we go to the cinema tomorrow Sarah?

Team B S3: I'm sorry, I can't. I'm going to fly to New York tomorrow. etc

Oral Activity 8 (Suggested answers)

Leader: Can I phone you at 6 o'clock today, Lucy?

Team A S2: Oh, no! I'll be eating my dinner then.

Leader: Can I phone you at 6 o'clock today, Jim?

Team B S2: Oh, no! I'll be doing my homework then.

Leader: Can I phone you at 6 o'clock today, Jean?

Team A S3: Oh, no! I'll be having a lesson then.

Leader: Can I phone you at 6 o'clock today, Louise?

Team B S3: Oh, no! I'll be watching a video then. etc

Oral Activity 9 (Suggested answers)

Team A S4: Okay, we'll do up the old furniture then.

Team A S5: We're going to build a garage.

Team B S3: We can't build a garage. There's no space for one.

Team A S6: Okay, we'll rent a parking space then.

Team A S7: We're going to repair the roof.

Team B S4: We can't repair the roof. It costs too much.

Team A S8: Okay, we'll replace some of the tiles then.

Team A S9: We're going to plant some trees.

Team B S5: We can't plant trees. There's no room for them.

Team A S10: Okay, we'll plant some flowers then.

Team A S11: We're going to fix the doors.

Team B S6: We can't fix the doors. They're too old.

Team A S12: Okay. We'll put new doors in then.

The teams change roles.

Team B S7: We're going to paint the walls pink.

Team A S1: We can't paint the walls pink. That's a horrible colour.

Team B S8: Okay, we'll paint them blue then.

Team B S9: We're going to put up new curtains

Team A S2: We can't put up new curtains. They're too expensive.

Team B S10: Okay, we'll put up blinds then.
Team B S11: We're going to buy a new carpet.

Team A S3: We can't buy a new carpet. It's too expensive.

Team B S12: Okay, we'll buy rugs then.
Team B S1: We're going to buy a new TV.

Team A S4: We can't buy a new TV. We've already got one.

Team B S2: Okay, we'll buy a new stereo then.
Team B S3: We're going to fix the windows.

Team A S5: We can't fix the windows. We don't know how to.

Team B S4: Okay, we'll ask someone to fix them.

Oral Activity 10 (Suggested answers)

In 15 years' time I will have had two children.

In 15 years' time I will have got married.

In 15 years' time I will have become a successful doctor.

In 15 years' time I will have travelled round the world twice.

In 15 years' time I will have written several books.

In 15 years' time I will have opened my own travel agency.

Writing Activity 4 (Suggested answers)

... I'm going by plane because it's the quickest way. I'm not going alone - a friend is coming, and my brother will probably come too if he decides to. We're going to stay in San Francisco for a week, then go somewhere else. I hope we'll find a place to sleep. I'm going to sunbathe a lot so I'm going to take my swimsuit and sunglasses. I think I'll need them. I'm sure it will be a good holiday. Will you join us?

Love, Sue

- 62. 2. I have never flown to Mexico before.
 - 3. How long ago/When did you move here?
 - 4. It's the first time we've ever been to this musuem.
- 5. How long is it since you got your diploma?/ How long ago did you get your diploma?
- 6. It's ages since I saw such a good film.
- 63. 2. out 3. up 4. on 5. on with 6. up
- 64. 2. of 3. of 4. between 5. with 6. for 7. with 8. on 9. to
- 65. 2. keep an eye on 5. keep his head 8. get in touch with
 - 3. keep in touch with
 4. 'm keeping my fingers crossed
 5. keep it quiet
 7. make yourself at home
 9. make room for

i. Ill keeping my imgers crossed 7. make yoursen at nome

4. Infinitive / -ing form / Participles

- 66. 2. doing/having done 8. to come 14. have been cleaning
 - 3. to have won

 9. have been practising/have practised

 15. have given

 10. to be, have been running

 16. to have been trying/
 - 5. to have been given 11. to have been chosen to be trying 6. to have been swimming 12. have prepared 17. be studying 17. be studying 18. to have been trying 19. to have been
 - 6. to have been swimming 12. have prepared 17. be studying 7. have given 13. be

67.	2. to be studyin 3. to have gone 4. coming	-	talk to have been work to have worked	7. talk king/ 8. being t	old
68.	2 him to eat 3 them to te 4 you to cha 5 her to get 6 me to lear	Il her the truth. inge your clothes up early.	8 her s. 9 to le	to speak rudely. to stay in bed for a weave early. In to apologise.	reek.
69.	2. B. I. 4. F 3. F. I. 5. F	•	8. F. I. 10. 9. F. I. 11.	•	14ing 16ing 15ing
70.	 to book ask to go to stay 	6. to have 7. go 8. visiting 9. to go	10. to stay 11. going 12. to visit 13. feel	14. to fly15. going16. travelling17. travelling	18. feel 19. to suggest 20. to appear 21. stay
71.	 standing (act lying (action) approach (co kneel (complete) looking (action) 	emplete action) ete action)	10. run 11. pusl 12. scre 13. gett 14. get	idering (action in prog (complete action) h (complete action) eaming (action in prog ing (action in progres out (complete action) (complete action)	gress) s)
72.	 (to) murderin to live 	g/having murder	red 4. go 5. to lend	 stopping write 	8. crying
73.	2. to speak	3. to work	4. studying	5. to leave	6. to join
74.	 to have met (to) have see to be telling saying 	n 7. to b 8. to o	e talking e having/to have iffer ghing/to laugh	10. have heard 11. to think (spe 12. to have beer	ecific preference) n telling
75.	 seeing/having to write talking leaving/havin to tell to build studying 		9. to start 10. putting 11. having 12. to walk 13. to invite 14. seeing 15. to buy	16. crying 17. washing/to b 18. to speak 19. shouting/hav 20. to tell	
76.	2. too small	3. fit enough	4. too frightening	5. early enough	6. tall enough
77.	2. too 3. er	nough 4. en	ough 5. too	6. too 7. enoug	h
78.	 fascinating interesting 	 bored worried 	 embarrassed annoyed 	8. pleased 9. amusing	10. stimulating
79.	painting cleaning up	4. tiling/to tile 5. to pay	그 그리아 아이를 가게 되었다.	o do 10. (to) m o help 11. go	ove 12. to hear 13. visiting

80. 2. exciting 4. terrifying 6. amazing 8. relaxed 10. boring 3. interested 5. puzzled 7. surprised 9. disturbed

Oral Activity 11 (Suggested answer)

The police said they **would like** to speak to Mark. They **hoped** to find out the truth. But they **couldn't** find him anywhere. They **advised** Tony to get a lawyer. They said he would **continue** to stay/staying in prison until they found his brother. Tony **kept** insisting he was innocent. But he **agreed** to stay in prison without making any trouble. The police **delayed** bringing the case to court for months because Mark still had not appeared. Tony couldn't get **used to** living in prison. He couldn't **stand** being locked up. He finally **arranged** to talk to the police again. He **wanted** to tell them something. He had been **avoiding** telling them where his brother was hiding. He said he **would rather** tell the truth than stay in prison any longer. When the police arrested Mark he **admitted** killing the old woman. But he **was** very **angry** with Tony for giving him away. He **refused** to speak to him ever again.

Writing Activity 5 (Suggested answer)

One day Karen went out **to buy** some new shoes. She was **happy** to get out of the house, and it was a real **pleasure** to walk in the sunshine. She **hated** staying at home with her old grandmother. On her way into town she **stopped** to buy an ice-cream. As she came out of the shop she **saw** a man climbing into a house through a window across the street. She ran back into the shop **to phone** the police. Five minutes later she **heard** the sound of a police car approaching. She **saw** the car stop in front of the house and two policemen get out. They knocked on the door and the man answered. She **watched** them talk for a few minutes and then she was **surprised** to see one of the policemen cross the road towards her. He **accused** her of wasting police time. When the man across the road had left the house he realised he **had forgotten** to bring his keys with him, so it was **necessary** for him to climb through the window. Karen said she was **sorry** for phoning the police, and **promised** not to do it again unless she was sure a crime was being committed. Then she crossed the road and **apologised** to the man for being so stupid ... etc.

- 81. 2. Driving at high speed is dangerous.
 - 3. The water isn't warm enough to swim in.
 - 4. It took him only an hour to learn to play chess.
 - She spent all night writing the composition.
- 6. I was made to apologise for my behaviour.
- 7. I was bored by the book./The book bored me.
- 8. Could you move over a little?
- 9. We found the information interesting.
- 10. He is too young to get married.

82.	2. through	3. awa	y 4. on wit	th/along with	5. through	6. on, off	
83.	2. up with 3. of	4. of 5. with	6. for 7. to	8. of 9. at	10. to 11. to,	(=nice to) for	
84.	2. make a fu 3. drop me a		4. make up my 5. broke her he		made a fortune make a living	8. brok	ke a record
			Revis	ion Exercises	s I		
85.	3. D 6	5. B 5. B	8. D 11. 9. C 12.	. A 15. B	18. D	20. A 21. A 22. A	23. B 24. C 25. B

86.	2. at		12. re	ached (arrive in/at, ge	et to)	
•••	3. has been collecting		13. cc		•	
	4. buying			14. At		
	5. has found		15. int			
				ok (spot = catch sight	of/easeh for eth -	
	6. too				O/Search for Sur =	
	7. because	1		ok for sth)	A	
	8. across (come into = in			(it's = it is/each = eve	ery)	
	across = find by chanc		18. th			
	approach with the inten	tion of attacking)		itered (enter goes wit		
	9. ever		me	eaning " get into ") (br	eak into = burgle)	
	10. in (in a hurry: expression	on)	20. to			
	11. take (fetch: go and get					
	there here/take sth from		Note:	No. 1: "year" is used as	s it is an adjective	
		,		(a 45 year-old dealer b		
87.	2. It's a long time since sh	e wrote to me.	5. Ho	w long is it since you l	eft school?/	
	3. I've never eaten such b	ad food.		w long ago did you lea		
	4. The last time I went to	the cinema was		nly took them one day		
	months ago.			nbing mountains is ex		
	-			•	•	
88.	2. across 3. out 4. o	n with 5. for	6. into	7. on 8. from 9.	at 10. about	
89.	2. was walking	8. have neve	r seen	15. produ	ced	
	3. tripped	9. was rubbir	าต	16. drank		
	4. fell	10. flew		17. filled		
	5. hadn't been/	11. have just r	released	18. happe	ened	
	wasn't looking	12. was feeling		19. have		
	6. is	13. want	9	20. 'll hav	Δ	
	7. had tripped	14. runs out		20. II IIav		
	7. Had inpped	14. Tulio Out				
90.	2. had been	10. (had) told		18. felt		
	3. were	11. heard		19. screa	med	
	4. was raining	12. stopped		20. had b	een	
	5. was looking forward	13. turned		21. had d	ecided	
	6. had been talking	14. (had) stop	ped	22. could	n't	
	7. had escaped	15. started			Iready fainted	
	8. had offered	16. began/was	s beginnir		noudy lamitod	
	9. lived	17. were gettir		'9		
91.	2. realised	6. who	·	10. when	14 lady's	
JI.	3. knew (stative verb)				14. lady's	
	,	7. lay/were lyin	y	11. confused		
	4. was thinking	8. woman		12. was (to have be	en)	
	5.	9. talking/to tal	K	13.		
92.	2. was wondering		love	10. see		
	3. choose/chose (Reporte	d speech) 7.	is	11. Do you unde	rstand	
	4. decided	8.	look	12. are you		
	5. explained	9.	choose	•		
		5 Mod	al Varhe			

5. Modal Verbs

- 93. 2. was able to/could (repeated action)
- 3. won't be able to/can't
 - 4. was able to (single action; "could" is not possible here)
- 5. could/was able to (repeated action)
- 6. was able to (single action)

- 5. might/could 6. must (I'm sure) 94. 2. might/could 3. could 4. can't 95. 1. You could/might be wrong.
- - 2. She may/might/could lend you the money./She's likely to lend you the money.
 - 3. They must have invited her too.
 - 4. He can't forget your birthday.
 - 5. They could/might have hurt her feelings.
- 96. 2. aren't allowed to/can't 4. mustn't 6. can't 8. may/can 10. mustn't 3. couldn't/wasn't allowed to 7. Can/May 9. may/can
 - 5. Can/May
- 97. 2. Could 4. [1] 6. Could 8. How about 10. could 3. Shall 5. Would you 7. Could 9. Shall
- 98. 2. ought to/should 4. had better 6. should/ought to 3. should/ought to 7. shouldn't 5. should/ought to
- 99. 2. should/ought to 3. had better 4. should/ought to 5. should
- 100. 2. must have known 6. can't be 3. can't have been 7. could have been/might/may have been 4. might/may have been 8. may/might/could have committed* 5, can't have been 9. Shall I bring

(*must is not possible here because he isn't sure they committed the crime)

- **101.** 2. Can/Could/Might I go out for a minute?
 - 3. Would you like me to baby-sit?/Shall I baby-sit?
 - 4. Shall we go for a swim?/How about going for a swim?/Would you like to go for a swim?/We could go for a swim if you like./Why don't we go for a swim?
 - 5. You aren't allowed to use the photocopier./You mustn't use the photocopier.
 - 6. He may move to Brazil./He could (possibly) move to Brazil.
 - 7. Can you carry my luggage?/Will you carry my luggage?/Could you carry my luggage?/Would you carry my luggage?
 - 8. I wasn't able to swim when I was five.

102.		informal	polite	formal	more formal
	2. Can I borrow your car?	permission			
	3. Could I borrow your car?		permission		
	4. Might I borrow your car?				permission
	5. Shall I drive you home?		offer		
	6. Would you like me to drive you home?			offer	
	7. Would you bring me some water?			request	··
	8. Can you bring me some water?	request			
	9. Could you bring me some water?		request		

- 103. 2. needn't/mustn't 4. needs 6. ought to*
 - 3. didn't need/have to 5. will have to/ought to

^{(* &}quot;ought to" is better here because it expresses that it is the right thing to do.)

- 104. 2. have to (others decide)
 - 5. must (the speaker decides) 6. must (the speaker decides) 3. have to (others decide; hospital regulations)
 - 4. have to (others decide)
- 105. 2. needn't
- 4. can't/mustn't
- 6. needn't
- 8. mustn't/can't
- 10. mustn't

- 3. mustn't/can't
- 5. mustn't
- 7. can't/mustn't
- 9. mustn't
- 11. needn't

- 106. 2. 've got to
- 4. can't
- 6. have to
- 8. mustn't
- 10. don't have to/needn't

- 3. ought to
- 5. needn't
- 7. must
- 9. need

107. 2. Can/May I

- 3. Would you
- 4. Shall we
- 5. Would you like
- 6. Could I*

(* formal situation; can is not appropriate here)

- 108. 2. (possibility) He could ...
 - 3. (permission) You can ...
 - 4. (request) Would/Can you ...
 - 5. (suggestion) Let's dance./Why don't we dance? How/What about dancing?
 - 6. (advice) You should/had better ...
 - 7. (criticism) She ought not to have ...
 - 8. (absence of necessity) You needn't/ don't need to ...
 - 9. (ability past) I wasn't able to ...
- 109. 2. ... needn't have given him a present. /didn't need to give him a present.
 - 3. ... should/ought to/had better stop eating chocolate.
 - 4. ... must do your homework.
 - 5. ... shouldn't have kicked that dog.
 - 6. ... may/might/could have already phoned him.
 - 7. ... you like me to take the dog out?
 - 8. ... I speak to George, please?
 - 9. ... about going to a restaurant?

- 10. (deduction) I think she's left/It's probable that she's left ...
- 11. (advice) You should/ought to ...
- 12. (offer) Shall I/Would you like me to ...
- 13. (prohibition) It's forbidden .../You aren't allowed to ...
- 14. (obligation/necessity) He ought to wash his car.
- 15. (suggestion) Why don't we go to the beach?
- 10. ... may/might/could be lying.
- 11. ... couldn't write until he was eight.
- 12. ... mustn't/aren't allowed to/can't talk during the test.
- 13. ... better give up smoking.
- 14. ... must have gone home.
- 15. ... mustn't/shouldn't speak to your mother like
- 16. ... can't come to the party tonight.
- 17. ... has to go to the police station twice a week.

Oral Activity 12 (Suggested answers)

He may have been walking in the rain. He should have taken an umbrella. He may have to stay in bed a few days. He should take some medicine.

He may have failed his exams. He should have studied harder. His parents may be angry when he tells them.

He should study harder in future.

He may have lost his way. He should have taken a map with him. He may have run out of petrol. He should try to find his way back.

She shouldn't worry so much. She may fail her exams. She must study hard for her exams. She should have started revising sooner.

He may have eaten too much. He shouldn't have eaten so much. He may have eaten poisonous mushrooms. He must see a doctor.

She may have overslept/missed the train. Her boss must be angry. She could lose her job. She shouldn't be late for work.

She may have fallen asleep.

She shouldn't have been driving carelessly.

She may need a new car.

She must be more careful while driving.

Writing Activity 6 (Suggested answer)

... I'm really sorry. You **mustn't** worry; I'm sure if you try you **can** find another one soon. You **shouldn't** have a problem because you are well-qualified and you **can** do a lot of things. You told me that you've been looking for job vacancies in the newspapers. You **should** also go to employment agencies. They **can** usually find work easily and quickly for well-qualified people. You **mustn't** panic! You **needn't** find one immediately; you **can** take your time and find one that suits you. You **have to** be patient. If there is anything I can do for you, please let me know. I wish you luck.

Love, Sandy

T does 5 minutes tense drilling before Ss do Exercise 110

110.	 was sitting heard opened was trying 		6. was holding7. could8. had never do9. will die		10. ran 11. filled one 12. threw 13. dropped		14. flew 15. hasn't brought		
111.	2. back	3. up	4	4. out	5. up	6. awa	y	7. away	
112.	2. from	3. of	4. of	5. with	6. for	7. to	8. in	9. on	10. at
113.	2. has a memory like an elephant3. throw a party4. fight like cat and dog			5. cut a lor 6. eats like 7. swim lik	a horse	ort	8. hit the	roof	

6. Passive Voice

114.	be haunted	was owned	12. is visited	17. was frightened
	3. is called	8. were believed	13. are organised	18. were told
	4. is said	were never seen	14. were seen *	
	5. be seen	10. was bought	15. was played	
	6. was built	11. was converted	16. were seen	·
	(* after since we us	e Past S)		

(* after **since** we use Past S.)

- 115. 2. The Queen was welcomed to Australia yesterday.
 - 3. New Jersey will be hit by bad weather tomorrow.
 - 4. Five people have been injured in a car accident.
 - 5. Experiments are being carried out on moon rocks.
 - 6. The/A pop concert was called off yesterday because of rain.

116.	 was invited was held was met had been given/was given 	7. had been invited 8. was left 9. was told 10. hadn't been heard of	12. was being held 13. was asked 14. had been made 15. is ever sent
	6. had been organised	11. was sent	16. will be organised

117. (Suggested answers)

- 2. emphasis on the agent Hamlet was written by Shakespeare.
- 3. action more important than the agent She's just been told the bad news.
- 4. unimportant/obvious agent Dinner is being served.
- 5. news report The building has been destroyed by fire.

- 6. process Wine is made from grapes.
- 7. action more important than the agent The room hasn't been tidied yet.
- 8. news report A bomb was placed in the station yesterday.
- 9. action more important than the agent/obvious agent The jewellery is being stolen.
- **118.** 2. have been painted
- 5. has been changed
- 8. have already been bought

- 3. have been planted
- 6. will be opened
- 4. is being repaired
- 7. are being delivered
- 119. 2. A lot of successful films have been directed by Steven Spielberg.
 - 3. He has been fined £300 by the judge.
 - 4. The professor will be met at the airport by a number of reporters.
 - 5. The President's house is going to be redecorated by a famous designer.
 - 6. Bath was founded by the Romans in the first century A.D.
 - 7. Mary was woken up by a nightmare.
 - 8. Ramadan is celebrated by the Muslims.
 - 9. "Sunflowers" was painted by Van Gogh. ("Sunflowers" is a painting)
 - 10. Space is being explored by astronauts.
- 120. 2. The "Iliad" was written by Homer. (emphasis on the agent; not omitted)
 - 3. A lot of trees are chopped down every year. (unimportant agent; omitted)
 - 4. New measures against crime will be introduced by the government. (emphasis on the agent; not omitted)
 - 5. Ann's house has been burgled. (unknown agent; omitted)
 - 6. I was offered a cup of tea./A cup of tea was offered to me. (unimportant agent; omitted)
 - 7. Passports are checked at Passport Control. (obvious agent; omitted)
 - 8. The cathedral is visited by a million people every year. (emphasis on the agent; not omitted)
 - 9. Mike's bicycle has been stolen. (unknown agent; omitted)
- 121. A goat was given to me/I was given a goat for my birthday last year. It had been bought from a farm down the road. It is kept tied to a tree in our garden. It is normally looked after by my father but last week he was sent abroad on business by his company. A few days later, I was called to the window by our neighbour. The goat hadn't been tied up properly. Her washing was being eaten by the goat!
- 122. 2. by 3. with 4. by 5. with 6. by 7. with 8. with 9. by 10. with
- 123. 2. be delivered 3. be sent 4. be sent 5. be taken 6. be addressed
- **124.** 2. The old woman should be helped across the street.
 - 3. The escaped prisoner might have been arrested.
 - 4. More food should have been provided at the reception.
 - 5. The public ought to be warned about him.
 - 6. More bus lanes should be built.
 - 7. The answers could have been written more clearly.
- 125. A new scheme is being started by our apartment block. All the old newspapers and tin cans will be collected. They will be put in a special container. When the container is full, it will be collected by the council. It will be taken to a factory. The newspapers and cans will be recycled into something new.
- **126.** 2. ... has been offered the job./... has been offered to him.
 - 3. ... will be sent a fax./... will be sent to you.
 - 4. ... am going to be shown a new technique./... is going to be shown to me.
 - 5. ... was given a book./... was given to her.
 - 6. ... are given extra lessons./... are given to the students.
 - 7. ... has been shown the plans for the house./... have been shown to her.
 - 8. ... should have been sent a receipt./... should have been sent to you.

- 127. 2. ... has been reported to be ill./... has been reported that the President is ill.
 - 3. ... is known to have been untrue./... is known that the statement was untrue.
 - 4. ... is believed to be changing./... is believed that the climate is changing.
 - 5. ... is known to have been in prison./... is known that he has been in prison.
 - 6. ... are said to be too high./... is said that the new prices are too high.
 - 7. ... is claimed to be the largest in the world./... is claimed that this diamond is the largest in the world.
- 128. 2. I hate being stared at.
- 4. I hate being asked questions.
- 3. I don't like being talked about.
- 129. 2. was being redecorated
- 4. had been found
- 6. had been delivered

- 3. was being taken
- 5. was being repaired
- 7. hadn't been invited
- **130.** A box was left on the No. 53 bus last night. It was found by a woman under her seat. It was given to the bus driver. It is not known where it came from. Enquiries are being made by the police now. The owner of the box is being searched for because a bomb has been found in it. It is hoped the person will be arrested soon.
- 131. 2. The company report is being written by Martin this year.
 - 3. The room will be cleaned tomorrow.
 - 4. Fresh flowers are put in the hotel rooms every day.
 - 5. Your flight may be delayed by bad weather.
 - 6. Sandy was given a present. A present was given to Sandy.
 - 7. The President is thought to be dying. / It is thought that the President is dying.
 - 8. She was made to crv.
 - 9. The car has been repaired.
 - 10. The building was destroyed by the bomb.
- **132.** 2. An international company employed her.
 - 3. Sandra wrote this essay.
 - 4. They/The police might have arrested the burglar.
 - 5. They have sent him a parcel.
 - 6. Somebody saw Roger leave.

- 7. They know that the kidnappers have left/left the country.
- 8. The mayor will open the exhibition.
- 9. People hope that the economy will improve.

Oral Activity 13 (Suggested answer)

... Many threatening phone calls had been made to her parents before. She was last seen at/in the park. The same day a letter was sent to her parents by the kidnappers. It said Sarah would be released as soon as the kidnappers were given £300,000. The police were informed immediately. All areas have been searched thoroughly since yesterday. Unfortunately nothing has been found so far.

Writing Activity 7 (Suggested answer)

... The disaster happened when the ship was hit by something unknown. The women and children were put into the lifeboats first while the men were told to stay on the ship. A nearby ship was brought into action as a rescue vessel. The men who were left on the ship were rescued. Unfortunately some of the men were frightened and jumped into the water. It is believed that they are now dead. The survivors were taken to hospital by helicopter and maximum effort is now being made to find the missing men.

T does 5 minutes tense drilling before Ss do Exercise 133

- **133.** 2. will be found
- 4. had eaten
- 6. is being spent
- 8. is giving/is going to give

- 3. is being built
- 5. are wasting
- 7. have been built
- 9. was going

KEY

... had not been checked before we boarded. 134. 2. ... was thought that he was lying. 3. ... is believed to have revealed the secret. 8. ... is expected that it will rain this weekend. 4. ... is reported to be over. will be executed tomorrow. 5. ... is expected that she will win an Oscar. 10. ... was sold to a German company. 6. ... should be cleaned up. 11. ... is believed to be the richest man in the world. 135. 2. on 4. on 6. round 8. off 10. in 3. through 7. out 9. out 5. away 11. for 136. 2. to 4. for 6. about 8. to 10. to 12. to 3. on 5. to 7 at 9. at 11. of **137.** 2. give me a ring 3. into account 4. gave me a hand 5. take part in 6. take a look 7. Conditionals - Wishes 138. 2. If he doesn't take his umbrella, he'll get wet. (1st type, real present) 3. If I/he won £1,000,000, I/he would buy a yacht. (2nd type, unreal present) 4. If he hadn't been fighting, he wouldn't have got a black eye. (3rd type, unreal past) 5. If she had set the alarm, she wouldn't have overslept. (3rd type, unreal past) 6. If she were/was taller, she could/would be able to reach the cupboard. (2nd type. unreal present) 7. If the weather was/were nice, they would/could go fishing. (2nd type, unreal present) 8. If he/the policeman runs faster, he'll catch the thief. (1st type, real present) 9. If he keeps bothering the dog, it will bite him. (1st type, real present) 139. 2. snows 4. would move 6. should lose 8. should arrive 3. will keep 5. will lend 7. will eat 140. 2.C 3. A 4. E 5. D 141. 2. would have stayed 5. stays 9. would be 3. could have found/ 6. was/were 10. didn't have would have been able to find 7. would leave 8. could/were able to 4. will go 142. 2. will die 7. would/could have gone/ would have been able to go 3. would have run 8. understood/understand 4. wouldn't shout 9. will tell 5. will buy 10. had forgotten 6. will miss 143. 2. Provided 3. As long 4. If 5. as long 6. unless 7. unless 144. (Suggested answers) ... you wouldn't have got into such trouble. 2. ... if you hadn't been so naughty. 7. ... we won't go away this weekend. 3. ... you'll be sick. 8. ... if I had passed my exam. 4. ... you might/may/will have an accident. 9. ... if he had found out. 5. ... tell him I want to speak to him. 10. ... don't watch it.

4. would have

5. was/were

6. could have stolen

7. thought

8. would have left

145. 2. would be

3. hadn't done

Oral Activity 14 (Suggested answers)

- If Paul's friend didn't live near the cinema, Paul wouldn't have gone to visit him.
- If the door hadn't been open, Paul wouldn't have been able to get into the house.
- If his friend hadn't been painting, he wouldn't have fallen off the step-ladder.
- If his leg hadn't been broken, he could have moved/would have been able to move.
- If the cinema hadn't been full, Paul wouldn't have called round on him.
- 146. 2. wish or polite request implying dissatisfaction or lack of hope, I wish he would stop talking.
 - 3. regret about the past, I wish Ann hadn't cut my hair so short.
 - 4. regret about the past, I wish I hadn't lost my earring.
 - 5. wish about the present, I wish I weren't/wasn't so shy.
 - wish implying dissatisfaction or polite request or lack of hope, I wish you wouldn't spend so much money.
- 147. 2. "I wish I lived in/could move to the city centre." 4. "I wish I had cleaned my bedroom."
 - 3. "I wish I hadn't argued with my mother yesterday." 5. "I wish I could afford to go on holiday."
- 148. 2. I wish I hadn't gone to bed so late. If I hadn't gone to bed so late, I would have woken up in time for work.
 - 3. I wish I wasn't/weren't afraid of lions. If I wasn't/weren't afraid of lions, I would be able to/could go to the safari park with Michael.
 - 4. I wish I had Fred's address. If I had his address, I'd be able to/would/could write to him.
 - 5. I wish I hadn't gone skiing. If I hadn't gone skiing, I wouldn't have broken my leg.
 - 6. I wish I'd known about the concert. If I had known about the concert, I'd have gone/I'd have been able to go to it.
 - 7. I wish I didn't have the flu. If I didn't have the flu, I wouldn't have to stay in bed.
 - 8. I wish I had a map. If I had a map, I wouldn't be lost in London.
- 149. 2. I wish I hadn't been driving my car so fast.
 - I wish I hadn't had that accident.
 - I wish I could/was/were able to control my temper.
- 5. I wish my wife would come and visit me.
- 6. I wish my leg didn't hurt.
- I wish the man in the next bed would stop talking.
- 8. I wish I could/was/were able to get out of bed.

Oral Activity 15 (Suggested answers)

- 2. If I saw a shark while swimming, I would swim as fast as possible. / If I saw a shark while swimming, I would be scared to death.
- 3. If I ran out of petrol, I would walk to the nearest petrol station to buy some. / If I ran out of petrol, I would stop a car and ask for help.
- 4. If I saw a bear, I'd run away. / If I saw a bear, I'd stay still until it went away.
- 5. If I had toothache, I'd take an aspirin. / If I had toothache, I'd go to the dentist.
- If I saw a policeman running after a robber, I'd help the policeman (to) catch him. / If I saw a policeman running after a robber, I'd run away.
- 7. If I won a lot of money, I'd buy a big house. / If I won a lot of money, I'd help the poor.
- 8. If I saw a man from another planet, I'd try to talk to him. / If I saw a man from another planet, I'd ask to visit his spaceship.

Oral Activity 16 (Suggested answers)

- 2. I wish I hadn't climbed over the fence. If I hadn't climbed over it, I wouldn't have torn my skirt./
 I wish I had been more careful. If I had been more careful, I wouldn't have torn my skirt.
- 3. I wish I were/was rich. If I were/was rich, I would buy that house./I wish I had enough money to buy that house. If I bought it, I wouldn't have to sleep in the streets.
- I wish he would stop the car. If he stopped it, I would get out./I wish he would drive slower. If he drove slower, I wouldn't be scared.

- 5. I wish I could give up smoking. If I gave up smoking, I wouldn't cough./I wish I had stopped/ could stop smoking. If I had stopped/could stop smoking, I would feel healthier.
- 6. I wish I had reached the theatre earlier. If I had reached the theatre earlier, the tickets wouldn't have been sold out. /I wish I had been told about the performance. If I had known about it, I would have booked a seat.
- 7. I wish I could lose weight. If I lost weight, my clothes would fit. / I wish I were/was thinner. If I were/was thinner, I could wear fashionable clothes.
- 8. I wish I hadn't failed my exams. If I had passed my exams, Father wouldn't be angry. / I wish I hadn't crashed the car. If I hadn't crashed the car. I wouldn't be in trouble.

150. (Suggested answers)

- 2. I wish I could find somewhere to hide. If I don't find somewhere to hide, the dinosaurs will eat me. (1st type)
- 3. I wish there were some people here. If there were some people here, somebody might save me. (2nd type)
- 4. I wish I had a gun. If I had a gun, I could defend myself. (2nd type)
- 5. I wish I could find some food. If I found some food, I wouldn't be hungry. (2nd type)
- I wish I had looked for water. If I had looked for water, I might have found some to drink. (3rd type)
- 7. I wish I could make the machine work. If I try to make the machine work, I might get back home. (1st type)
- 8. I wish I could get back. If I get back, I'll never touch this machine again. (1st type)

Writing Activity 8 (Suggested answer)

Dear Anyone,

I am on an island somewhere in the Pacific Ocean. I've been here for a week. I wish I hadn't lost my watch. If I hadn't lost my watch in the sea, I would know what time it is. I wish I had never gone on that cruise. If I were a good swimmer, I could have reached the lifeboat when the ship sank. If I knew which way to go, I could make a raft to sail away from the island. I wish there was someone to talk to here! If I had a walkman, I could listen to music. I wish there weren't/wasn't only fish to eat. If I had brought a knife with me, I could build a shelter. I wish someone would find me soon!

T does 5 minutes tense drilling before Ss do Exercise 151

151. 2. was waiting 5. 'Il dismiss 8. would have phoned 11. forgot/have forgotten 3. would try 6. am 9. left 12. had reminded 4. are 7. had left 10. looked

- 152. 2. ... you ask him, he won't help you.
 - 3. ... you don't take your medicine, you won't get better.
 - 4. ... you use a dictionary, you won't make any spelling mistakes.
 - 5. ... park here, or/otherwise/or else you'll be fined £20.
 - 6. ... I was/were you, I would confess my crime.
 - 7. ... she hadn't been exhausted, she wouldn't have gone home early.
 - 8. ... you don't finish the book, you won't understand the story.
 - 9. ... she promises to be back early, she can't go out.
 - 10. ... (that) you stay still, the bee won't sting you.
- 153. 2. after 4. into 5. out for 3. up 6. forward to 7. through 154. 2. to 3. from 4. with 5. of 6. of 7. from 8. to 9. with 10. with **155.** 2. No kidding 4. put an end/a stop to 6. put some(thing) by for a rainy day 3. behind my back 5. make allowances for

8. Clauses

- 156. 2. G. had passed/passed
 - 3. H, arrives/has arrived
 - 4. A, was having
 - 5. F. reached
 - 6. C, was sleeping

- 7. D, are paid/have been paid
- B, does (action which will start immediately after the first one has finished) / has done (action which will start
 - some time after the first one has finished)

- 157. 2. will leave/is leaving
- 3. sees, will be
- 4. will you learn

- 158. 2. when
- 3. if
- 4. if
- 5. When
- 6. If

- 159. 2. until
- 3. by the time
- 4. until
- 5. By the time
- 6. until

- 160. 2. before 3. when
- 4. While 5. As
- 6. By the time7. while
- 8. just as 9. until

- 161. 2. while/when
- 4. before
- 6. as

8. When

- 3. as long as/while
- 5. When/As soon as
- 7. until

- 9. before
- 162. 2. She left the house after she (had) locked the windows.
 - 3. She made some coffee as soon as/after/when they (had) finished their meal.
 - 4. She was working in the garden while he was painting the garage.
 - 5. As soon as/When she heard the bad news she began to cry.
- 163. 2. for

- 5. in case
- 8. so that
- 11, in case
- 14 in case

- 3. so as not to
- 6. so that
- 9. in case
- 12. in order not to

- 4. in case
- 7. so that
- 10, so that
- 13. to
- 7. 30 that 10. 30 that

Oral Activity 17 (Suggested answers)

I'll take a jacket in case it's cold/to keep warm.

- I'll take a map so as not to get lost/so that I can find my way/in case I get lost.
- I'll take a racquet so that I can/to play tennis.
- I'll take some books in order to have something to read.
- I'll take a walkman so that I can/in order to listen to music.
- I'll take a sunshade so that I won't/so as not to get sunburnt.
- I'll take some evening clothes in case I go out/in case I'm invited to a formal dinner.
- I'll take some trainers so that I can go/to go jogging.
- I'll take some shorts so as not to be hot/in case it's very hot.
- I'll take a swimming costume so that I can go swimming/in case I go swimming.

164. (Suggested answers)

- I need them so that I can cook food.
- 3. I'm taking them so as not to have to eat at restaurants and spend a lot of money.
- 4. It's for putting nails in the walls for my pictures.
- 5. I'm taking it so that I can listen to music in my free time.
- 6. I need a camera to take photographs.
- 165. 2. play
- 4. wouldn't be able to/wouldn't/couldn't escape
- 6. could/would be able to

- 3. could
- 5. needed
- 166. 2. We bought some more coffee so that we wouldn't run out.
 - 3. Mrs Brown bought some sweets in case her grandchildren visited her.
 - 4. Put some pepper in the soup to make it taste better.
 - 5. Take more money so as not to run out.

- The teacher explained the exercise again in case some of the students didn't understand/ hadn't understood.
- 7. Debbie hid her diary so that nobody would/could read it.
- 167. 2. although

- 4. whereas/while
- 6. though

- 3. In spite of/Despite
- 5. despite/in spite of

- 168. 2. Despite
- 3. In spite of
- 4. whereas
- 5. while
- 6. Although

- 169. 2. ... she was ill, she attended the meeting.
 - 3. ... there was a heavy snowstorm, they managed to arrive on time.
 - 4. ... that she's only 25, she's a managing director.
 - 5. ... being/having been/the fact that he has been told to stop, he still smokes.
 - 6. ... she's lost thirty kilos, she's still overweight.

170. (Suggested answers)

- 2. Although/Even though Geoff has lots of friends, he doesn't go out very often. In spite of/Despite the fact that Geoff has lots of friends, he doesn't go out very often. In spite of/Despite having lots of friends, Geoff doesn't go out very often. Geoff has lots of friends. He doesn't go out very often, though.
- 3. Even though the weather was bad, they enjoyed their day out. In spite of/Despite the fact that the weather was bad, they enjoyed their day out. In spite of/Despite the weather being bad, they enjoyed their day out. In spite of/Despite the bad weather, they enjoyed their day out. The weather was bad. They enjoyed their day out, though.
- 4. Although/Even though this car is very old, it still runs well. In spite of/Despite the fact that this car is very old, it still runs well. In spite of/Despite being very old, this car still runs well.
- 5. Although/Even though he looked everywhere for a job, he didn't find anything. In spite of/Despite the fact that he looked everywhere for a job, he didn't find anything. In spite of/Despite looking everywhere for a job, he didn't find anything.
- Although/Even though it was raining hard, the aeroplane took off.
 In spite of/Despite the heavy rain/the fact that it was raining hard, the aeroplane took off.
- 7. Although/Even though Richard is very rich, he isn't happy.
 - In spite of/Despite his riches, Richard isn't happy. In spite of/Despite being rich, Richard isn't happy.
 - In spite of/Despite the fact that Richard is rich, he isn't happy.

Oral Activity 18 (Suggested answers)

- 2. Despite the cold weather ...
- 3. Though he's rich ...
- 4. Despite studying ...
- 5. Although she was on a diet ...
- 6. Although he was ill ...
- 7. Although I locked it ...
- 8. In spite of having eaten ...
- 9. Although it was raining ...
- 10. Despite his age ...
- 11. Though she has been in France for two years ...

- 12. Although he can drive ...
- 13. Despite the fact that he liked Germany ...
- 14. Though it was her birthday ...
- 15. In spite of the fact he doesn't earn much ...
- 16. Despite being innocent ...
- 17. Although he didn't go to university ...
- 18. Despite the doctor's warning ...
- 19. In spite of having put suntan oil on ...
- 20. Although he's very thin ...
- 171. 2. Since Darren hates flying, he can't go to Australia.
 - 3. As I'd spent all my money, I couldn't go to the concert.
 - 4. Since Martin is away for Christmas, he'll miss the party.

- 5. Sarah missed the wedding reception because she fell ill.
- 6. As it's the end of term, we'll play some games.
- 7. I've always dreamt of going to Russia because I studied Russian history at university.
- 8. Since he really likes Guns 'n' Roses, I bought him their latest album for his birthday.
- 9. He'll fail his exams because he's lazy.
- 10. I was late for work because there was so much traffic.

172.	2. such an	4. so	6. such	8. so	10. so	
	3. such a	5. so	7. such a	9. such a		
173.	2. such	4. so	6. so	8. such a	10. so	12. so
	3. such a	5. such a *	7. so	9. so	11. such a	

^{(*} we say "such a bad smell", "such a noise" etc)

- 174. 2. It was such a nice day that we went swimming.
 - 3. Their dog is so frightening that I won't go near it.
 - 4. This is such disgusting food that I can't eat it.
 - 5. He's such a gentleman that he often sends her flowers.
 - 6. The house was so dirty that it smelled awful.
 - 7. They had such a terrible fight that they hate each other now.
 - 8. She's such a sweet child that everyone loves her.
 - 9. It was so cold that the river froze.
 - 10. It's such an interesting film that I want to see it again.
 - 11. It was such a difficult book that I couldn't understand it.
 - 12. It was such a good play that I saw it twice.
 - 13. Her house is so big that she only uses half of it.
 - 14. He is so handsome that he could be an actor.

175.	2. What	6. What an	10. How	14. What	18. How	22. What an
	3. What an	7. What a	11. What an	15. How	19. What a	
	4. What a	8. How	12. What an	16. What	20. What an	
	5. How	9. What	13. How	17. What a	21. How	

176. (Suggested answers)

- 1. How happy she is!/Isn't she (a) happy (girl)!/She's so happy!/She's such a happy girl!
- 2. What a thin woman!/Isn't she (a) thin (woman)!/She's so thin!/She's such a thin woman!
- How delicious this cake is!/Isn't it a delicious cake!/This cake is so delicious!/It's such a delicious cake!
- 4. How naughty the children are!/Aren't the children naughty!/The children are so naughty!/
 They're such naughty children!
- 5. What a rude man he is!/lsn't he (a) rude (man)!/He's so rude!/He's such a rude man!
- 6. What a slow walker he is!/Doesn't he walk slowly!/He walks so slowly!/He's such a slow walker!
- 7. How stupid she is!/Isn't she (a) stupid (woman)!/She's so stupid!/She's such a stupid woman!
- 8. What clever boys/girls they are!/How clever they are!/They are so cleved/They are such clever boys/girls!
- 9. How strong he is!/He's so strong!/He's such a strong man!/Isn't he (a) strong (man)!
- 10. What a beautiful woman she is!/How beautiful she is!/She's such a beautiful woman!/ Isn't she (a) beautiful (woman)!
- 11. How exciting this story is!IThis story is so exciting!/It's such an exciting story!/Isn't it an exciting story!
- 12. How silly you are!/What a silly person you are!/Aren't you silly!/You are such a silly person!

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Oral Activity 19 (Suggested answers)

- 2. How fat she is!/What a fat woman!/She's so fat that she can't go through the door/she's stuck in the door.
- 3. What an ugly man!/Isn't he ugly!/He's so ugly that people laugh at him/that he feels miserable.
- 4. It's such a frightening monster!/The monster is so frightening that she's fainted/she can't move.
- 5. What a tall man! He is so tall that he can't find a bed to sleep in comfortably/his feet stick out of bed.
- 6. What an old man! He is so old that he can't walk/he needs a wheelchair.
- 7. How poor he is! He is so poor that he hasn't got a house/he sleeps in the park.
- 8. What noisy children! They are such noisy children that she's got a headache./The children are making so much noise that she's got a headache/she doesn't know what to do.
- 177.
 2. How
 4. What a
 6. How
 8. What
 10. What an
 12. What a

 3. How
 5. What a
 7. How
 9. How
 11. What
 13. What a
- 178. 2. which 4. whose 6. whose 8. which 10. which 3. whose 5. which 7. which 9. which 11. whose
- 179. 2. where I was staying overnight
 - 3. which is one of Rome's ancient sites
 - 4. who'd been feeling unwell all day
 - 5. who was standing nearby
 - 6. where it was cooler

- 7. which was nearby
- 8. which we were all relieved to hear
- 9. whose name is David
- 10. where I studied History
- 180.
 2. in which/where
 5. which/that
 8. since
 11. so
 14. how

 3. so that
 6. what
 9. so
 12. what*
 15. if

 4. Although/While/Though
 7. which*
 10. When
 13. When
 - (* 7. "that" can't be used after a comma)
 - (* 12. "what" is used in expressions such as: What is it like? What's the weather like? etc.)
- 181. 2. Brian, who is still at school, is the captain of our local team. (not essential)
 - 3. London, which is the capital of England, attracts many foreign visitors, (not essential)
 - 4. The man whose wife is seriously ill is very sad. (essential)
 - 5. This parrot, which comes from Africa, is a clever mimic. (not essential)
 - 6. The children who play with my son are coming round for tea. (essential)
 - 7. Brighton, where my cousin lives, has a famous pier. (not essential)
 - 8. English weather, which is often bad, is the subject of many conversations. (not essential)
 - 9. The woman whose car was stolen last night has called the police. (essential)
 - 10. Kate's job, which involves working long hours, makes her very tired. (not essential)
 - 11. George, who is American, is the best student in our class. (not essential)
 - 12. The soldier who fought the most bravely is being awarded a medal. (essential)
 - 13. The house where/in which my grandparents lived is being demolished. (essential)
 - 14. Their argument, which continued throughout the night, was finally resolved.(not essential)
 - 15. The Sussex coast, which is in the south of England, is very beautiful. (not essential)
 - 16. Not everybody who is coming to my party is bringing me a present. (essential)
 - 17. California, which is on the west coast of America, attracts actresses, surfers and musicians. (not essential)
 - 18. This cake, which I bought yesterday, tastes delicious. (not essential)
- 182. 2. who/that (S not omitted)
 - 3. which/that (O can be omitted)
 - 4. who/that (O can be omitted)
 - 5. who/that (S not omitted)
 - 6. which/that (O can be omitted)
- 7. which/that (S not omitted)
- 8. who/that (S not omitted)
- 9. which/that (O can be omitted)
- 10. which/that (O can be omitted)
- 11. which/that (S not omitted)

- 12. who/that (S not omitted)
- 13. which/that (O can be omitted)
- 14. who/that (O can be omitted)
- 15. which/that (O can be omitted)
- 16. who/that (S not omitted)
- 183. 2. This ice cream, which comes from Italy, is delicious. ND omitted
 - 3. The town where I grew up was very small. D not omitted
 - 4. James, whose hobby is rock climbing, has broken his leg. ND omitted
 - 5. The sweater which/that Jenny bought me is too big. D not omitted
 - 6. The subjects which/that I am studying are very difficult. D not omitted
 - 7. The school where I first went has closed down. D not omitted
 - 8. The country which/that I want to visit most of all is China. D not omitted
 - 9. Angela, whose best friend lives in Madrid, has gone on holiday to Spain. ND omitted
 - 10. The boutique which/that is by my house is having a sale. D not omitted
 - 11. The book which/that I'm reading is very exciting. D not omitted
 - 12. Miss Hunter, who works at the bank, has been promoted. ND omitted
 - 13. Terry, whose father is also a mechanic, has just repaired our car. ND omitted

Oral Activity 20 (Suggested answers)

- A butcher is a person who sells meat.
- A greengrocer is a person who sells fruit and vegetables.
- A watch is an object which tells us the time.
- A disco is a place where we go dancing.
- A museum is a place where we can look at old things.
- A baby-sitter is a person who looks after children.
- A purse is an object (which) we carry money in.
- A radio is an object which broadcasts music.
- A bank is a place where we keep money.
- A tin opener is an object (which) we open tins with.
- A typewriter is a machine (which) we use to write letters with./A typist is a person who types letters. etc.
- **184.** 2. That's the beach where I used to go swimming.
 - 3. Steven lives in Bradford, which is a city in the north of England.
 - 4. July was the month when my sister was born.
 - 5. This is my new coat, which I bought in vesterday's sale.
 - 6. This is the factory where my father used to work.
 - 7. That's the man whose wife is a famous actress.
 - 8. America is the country where the best hamburgers are made.
 - 9. Jo is an actress who has just finished making her first film.
 - 10. That's the dog which/that always barks when you approach it.
 - 11. 1666 was the year when a great fire destroyed much of London.
 - 12. Christmas is the time when people buy each other presents.
 - 13. Sheena is a pop star, who had a hit record last year.
 - 14. Smoking is a bad habit, which causes many deaths every year.
 - 15. These are the children whose mother is a policewoman.
 - 16. That's the hospital where I had an operation.

T does 5 minutes tense drilling before Ss do Exercise 185

185.	2. was	7. de cided	12. reading	17. came out	22. nad nappened
	3. had told	8. had been	13. looked up	18. shouted	
	4. was	9. lived	14. appoached	19. told	
	5. left	10. arrived	15. explained	20. arrived	
	6. was offered	11. was sitting	16. listened	21. was	

186. (Suggested answers)

- The boy was so naughty that his father punished him.
- 3. It was too hot for me to leave the house.
- 4. That's the church in which I got married.
- 5. Despite being ill, he still went to work.
- 6. It's such a lovely house!
- 7. You look so happy!
- He is so weak that he can't lift that suitcase.
- The room was too crowded for us to go inside.
- Although she was over 60, she was very beautiful.

- 11. How quietly you talk!
- 12. Her eyes are so lovely!/What lovely eyes she has!
- She was so tired that she couldn't go on with her work.
- 14. This is the university where I went.
- 15. It's such a beautiful dress!
- Despite being tired she still watched the late film.
- 17. She went to bed early so that she wouldn't/ so as not to be tired the next morning.

8. lost his/her temper

 I didn't tell you so as not to upset you/in case I upset you.

187. 2. up my mind 3. out 4. up 5. out 6. up

188. 2. on 3. to 4. to 5. in 6. of 7. about 8. between 9. with 10. for

189. 2. lose your head 5. spend money like water

3. learn, by heart4. tell the world6. changed my mind7. lose heart

Revision Exercises II

190.	2. B	5. C *	8. B	11. A	14. D	17. D	20. A	23. D
	3. D	6. C	9. B	12. B	15. A	18. B	21. B	24. C
	4 B	7 A	10 C	13 A	16 B	19 D	22 A	

(* Note: who's = who is/who has)

191.	has won	7. years	12. surfing	16. to
	3. per	8. to	13. has made	17. because*
	4. so	9. when	14. has bought (unstated time)	18. is starting
	5. in	10. on	15. is getting (fixed arrangement	19. At
	6. moved	11. him	in the near future)	20. Sylvia's

^{(*} for can't be used because there is no comma before)

- 192. A meeting was held by the people of Puddle last night after a large object was discovered in the local park. It has not been identified yet. Experts have been called in. The object will be examined on Sunday. It is believed that it could be a spaceship from another planet!
- 193. 2. Would/Do you mind explaining this to me?
 - 3. She may not ring after all.
 - 4. It is said that he was treated unfairly./He is said to have been treated unfairly.
 - 5. You needn't have sent us a cheque.
 - 6. Unless you remember his number, how can you phone him?
 - 7. It was such a wet day that I stayed at home.
 - 8. This is the school where I studied.
 - 9. He can't have spent so much money.
 - 10. You should get some house insurance in case you are burgled.
 - 11. I was irritated by his remark.
 - 12. That horse jumps so gracefully!
 - 13. How long is it since you got back from France?
 - 14. It isn't cool enough to work in the garden.

- 15. She should have been told about it.
- 16. John was made to pay for the damage (by his father).
- 194. 2. am reporting

- 8. are helping
- 14. hear 15. wishes

3. hit

- 9. are digging
- 4. have been killed (latest news)
- 10. are still trapped

5. have been injured

- 11. left
- 6. has been destroyed
- 12. received
- 7. have already been set up
- 13. are expecting

- 195. 2. Could/Would
- 4. will/can
- 6. can
- 8. Would/Will

- 3. would
- 5. Could/Would
- 7. will

7. for

(Suggested answers)

- 196. 2. impossibility/improbability I don't think this is the right way.
 - 3. offer Would you like me to help you with your homework?
 - 4. advice I advise him to give up smoking.
 - 5. prohibition You are not allowed to come in without a membership card.
 - 6. advice It's a good idea to cut the grass. You should cut the grass soon.
 - 7. giving permission You are allowed to/can/could leave now.
 - 8. polite request Is it possible for me to/Can/Máy/Might I see the manager?
 - 9. advice You should drive more carefully.
 - possibility Perhaps there are some shops open on Sunday./There could be some shops open on Sunday.
 - 11. necessity It's necessary for us to escape or else we'll die.
 - 12. polite offer Shall I fetch it for you?
 - 13. impossibility I don't think it's 2 o'clock (already).
- **197.** 2. up

to

- 5. at
- 6. up
- 8. in
- 9. into 10. to

- **198.** 2. feel
- 5. as (not: like)

4. for

- 8. which
- 11. had been using/used

- don't know
- 6. look
- 9. was doing
- 12. have improved

- 4.
- 7. year
- 10.
- 13. will have perfected

10. said

- 199. 2. If these aliens didn't speak strangely, I could/would be able to understand them. (2nd type)
 - 3. If I get home one day, no one will believe this story. (1st type)
 - 4. If I had brought my camera, I could take some pictures. (mixed cond.)
 - 5. If they don't have/Unless they have some food, I'll starve to death. (1st type)
 - 6. If there was/were a telephone here, I could/would be able to phone home. (2nd type)

9. Reported Speech

- 200. 2. said
- says
- 6. tell
- 8. said

- 3. tell
- 5. said
- 7. told
- 9. telling
- 201. 2. ... said (that) he hadn't liked/didn't like the food.
 - 3. ... said (that) the waiters had been/were very rude.
 - 4. ... said (that) she wasn't looking forward to going back to school.
 - 5. ... said (that) she had been getting bored of lying on the beach.
 - 6. ... said (that) he had never had so much fun in his life.
 - 7. ... said (that) he had made so many new friends.
 - 8. ... said (that) she hoped (that) they would go to the same place the following/next year.
 - 9. ... said (that) he was going to get his photos developed the next/following day.
 - 10. ... said (that) she was exhausted.

KEY

- 202. 2. ... asked the tour guide if/whether he had found his suitcase.
 - 3. ... asked the tour guide how long he had worked there.
 - 4. ... asked the tour guide what they were going to do that day.
 - 5. ... asked the tour guide what time they left the following/next day.
 - 6. ... asked the tour guide who had made the sculpture in the square.
 - 7. ... asked the tour guide what time the shops opened.
 - 8. ... asked the tour guide when breakfast was served in the hotel.
 - 9. ... asked the tour guide if/whether there was a shopping centre near there.
 - 10. ... asked the tour guide if/whether he knew where the nearest bank was.
- 203. 2. She told her to make the beds.
 - She told her not to forget to tidy the bedroom.
 - 4. She told her to feed the dogs.
 - 5. She told her to sweep the kitchen floor.
 - She told her not to leave the rubbish in the kitchen.
- 7. She told her to remember to water the plants.
- 8. She told her to do the washing-up.
- 9. She told her to hoover the sitting room.
- 10. She told her not to let anyone into the house.

T

F

F

F

F

T

F

F

- 204. 2. She said (that) the Amazon is the widest river in the world.
 - 3. He said (that) the Earth was the largest planet in the universe.
 - 4. She said (that) penguins lived in the desert.
 - 5. He said (that) it was hot at the South Pole.
 - 6. He said (that) Luxembourg had the best football team in the world.
 - 7. He said (that) dolphins are mammals.
 - 8. He said (that) the Sahara desert is the largest desert in the world.
 - 9. She said (that) British weather was always wonderful.
 - 10. He said (that) the Mediterranean was the deepest sea.
- 205. 2. She asked him why he was looking at her like that.
 - 3. His mother told him not to play with matches.
 - 4. He said (that) he had forgotten to bring his lunch with him.
 - 5. She asked her husband if/whether he would be home soon.
 - 6. Father told the children to go to bed.
 - 7. Tim told his father (that) he would clean the car the following/next day/the day after.
 - 8. Gary asked his wife where she had been.
 - 9. He told me (that) he had been working for the same company since 1960.
 - 10. She asked me if/whether I knew Garfield.
- 206. 2. He said (that) I must/had to try his home-made pie.
 - 3. He asked if/whether he could go home then.
 - 4. He asked her if he might call her by her first name.
 - 5. She told him (that) he could go in but he mustn't make any noise.
 - 6. He asked what time they would arrive in London. (information)
 - 7. He said (that) she must/had to try harder if she wanted to succeed.
 - 8. She said (that) her father would be angry with her if he found out.
 - 9. He told her (that) she ought not to drive so fast.
 - 10. He said (that) they didn't have to go if they didn't feel like it.
 - 11. She told him (that) he had better speak to the manager.
 - 12. He told her (that) he might not be able to meet her at the airport.

207. (Suggested answers)

- 2. beg He begged her not to leave him.
- 3. order/command He ordered/commanded them to do it immediately.

- 4. deny He denied killing/having killed him/that he had killed him.
- 5. agree He agreed to do the washing-up.
- 6. remind He reminded me to take the dog out.
- 7. order/command He ordered/commanded everybody to stand up immediately.
- 8. refuse He refused to give them/me his money.
- 9. ask She asked if she could use my phone.
- 10. apologise He apologised for shouting/having shouted at me.
- 11. threaten She threatened to punish him/us if he/we didn't behave. /She threatened that she would punish him/us if he/we didn't behave.
- 12. admit He admitted stealing/having stolen the book./He admitted that he had stolen the book.
- 13. explain He explained that it only worked if you pressed the green button.
- 14. agree He agreed that it was a brilliant film.
- 15. complain She complained that she had been feeling dizzy all day.
- 16. promise She promised to write to me/that she would write to me.
- 17. offer He offered to give me/us a lift home.
- 18. suggest She suggested going/that we (should) go for a swim.
- 19. accuse He accused me of breaking/having broken the TV.
- 20. advise He advised me to tell them the truth.

208. (Suggested answers)

- 2. She asked if she might have a piece of cake.
- 3. He agreed to tell him about the accident.
- 4. The boss insisted on having the report by the following day/the next day.
- 5. Sue begged her mother to let her go to the party.
- Ted promised his father never to be naughty again. / Ted promised his father that he would never be naughty again.
- 7. The sergeant commanded/ordered the soldier to stand up straight.
- 8. He admitted robbing/having robbed the bank/that he had robbed the bank.
- 9. She explained to her boss that she hadn't come to work because she had been ill.
- 10. He suggested playing chess/that they (should) play chess.
- 11. He apologised to her for forgetting/having forgotten to phone her.
- 12. She reminded him to go to the bank.
- 13. The doctor advised him to relax more.
- 14. She complained that Mark was always shouting at her.
- 15. He agreed that it was a nice dress.
- 16. He offered to carry Tracy's bag.
- 17. Bill refused to do Graham's homework.
- 18. He accused her of scratching/having scratched his record.
- 19. She threatened to phone the police if the salesman didn't leave immediately.
- 20. She agreed to lend/that she would lend Tom her car.
- 21. He admitted breaking/having broken/that he had broken the window.
- 22. She promised to phone/that she would phone me as soon as she arrived.
- 23. She agreed that she was beautiful.
- 24. She refused to marry John.
- 25. He threatened to shoot the prisoner if he tried to escape.
- 26. He suggested having chicken for dinner.
- 27. She insisted on Mr Harrison's signing/that Mr Harrison (should) sign the contract.
- 28. He threatened to punish the boy if he did that again.
- 29. She offered to show me how to use the/that computer.
- 30. He agreed that it was a good idea.

209. (Suggested answers)

- 2. He complained to his mother that the film was boring.
- 3. She begged her mother to let her go out to play.
- 4. He offered to carry her shopping (for her).
- 5. She warned Jane not to get dirty in the garden.

- 6. Tim refused to tidy Helen's bedroom.
- 7. He denied having eaten/eating the cake.
- 8. She exclaimed that that was a silly thing to say.
- 9. She insisted on his getting his hair cut.
- 10. She accused him of breaking/having broken her record player.
- 11. She apologised for not writing/having written to him.
- 12. He suggested going to Jamaica for their holiday./He suggested that they (should) go to Jamaica for their holiday.
- 13. The sales assistant agreed that it was a nice colour.
- 14. She told her she preferred to watch/watching a film rather than the news.
- 15. She exclaimed that he was very rude.
- 16. She advised him to go on a diet.
- 17. She denied taking/having taken her sister's dress.
- 18. He exclaimed that it was a nice gift.
- 19. The boy threatened to hit his brother if he didn't stop talking.
- 20. He apologised to his mother for speaking/having spoken to her like that.

210. (Suggested answers)

- 2. She warned them not to go swimming in the lake because/as the water was filthy.
- 3. She suggested going shopping the next day as/because/explaining that the sales had started.
- 4. The teacher ordered the pupils to stand up because/as the headmaster was coming.
- 5. She begged him not to take her ring, explaining that it had been/was a present.
- 6. Martin's mother told him it was very late and asked him where he had been.
- 7. He offered to cook the dinner, adding that she looked very tired.
- 8. She asked him to stop making that noise, explaining that she couldn't concentrate.
- 9. She admitted (to) dropping the vase while she was/had been cleaning the shelf.
- 10. She asked if she could use the car because/as/explaining that she needed to run some errands.
- 11. He apologised for being late, explaining that the car wouldn't start.
- 12. She asked him why he was teasing his sister, reminding him that it made her unhappy.
- 13. He asked her why she wouldn't go to the party, adding that everyone would love to see her.
- 14. He accused Rob of breaking/having broken the window because/explaining that he was/had been kicking the football.

211. (Suggested answer)

Sarah replied that she hadn't liked it at first, but added that now she was really enjoying it. Jane asked her why she had had doubts about it. Sarah explained that there was/had been too much reading and that none of the other students had seemed very friendly, but went on to say that now she had got used to it and liked it a lot. Then Sarah asked Jane if/whether she liked her course. Jane said that the course was all right, though she was not as interested in History as she had thought she was/had been. Sarah suggested that she should study something else and suggested studying English. Jane exclaimed that that was a good idea, and she added that they could help each other with their work.

212. (Suggested answer)

... Ann asked her why and her mum reminded her that the last time she had stayed there, she had stayed up late and she had been too tired to go to school the next day. Ann agreed that was true and promised that they wouldn't do that again. Then her mother accused them both of smoking cigarettes but Ann denied it and said that she had never smoked in her life. Finally, her mother agreed to let her go, but only if Ann promised to behave.

213. (Suggested answers)

- 2. ... denied having been speeding/that he had been speeding.
- 3. ... admitted driving/having driven a bit fast.
- 4. ... told him that he should have been driving more carefully.
- asked if/whether anyone had called an ambulance.
- 6. ... said that the ambulance was coming.
- 7. ... complained/said that his leg hurt.
- 8. ... asked Tim if/whether he could move his leg.
- 9. ... ordered/advised Tim not to try to stand up.

- 214. 2. You are obviously guilty.
 - 3. Look at me when I'm speaking to you!
 - 4. Are you sorry for what you have done/did?
- 5. The bank manager is still in hospital.
- 6. You will go to prison for a long time for this crime.
- 7. Do you have anything to say in your defence?
- 8. Take him away!

Oral Activity 22 (Suggested answers)

- Would you like me to help you? He offered to help her but she refused.
- Are you hungry? He asked her if she was hungry and she said that she was.
- What time is it? She asked him what time it was and he told her it was 6 o'clock.
- What are you doing? She asked him what he was doing and he told her he was trying to fix
- Did vou buy this dress? He asked her if she had bought that dress and she said that she had made it herself.
- Can I have a lift? She asked him if she could have a lift/She asked him for a lift and he told her to get in.
- Where did you get this dog? She asked him where he had got that dog and he told her that Bob had given it to him./Who gave you this dog? She asked him who had given him that dog and he told her that Bob had given it to him.

T does 5 mins tense drilling before Ss do Exercise 215

215.	3. had been doing 6		. have always loved . had managed . could		8. would bring 9. had taken 10. comes		11. was	
216.	2. on	3. through	4. do	wn	5. on	6. up	7. forward	8. out
217.	2. with 3. to	4. to 5. to	6. at 7. about	8. for 9. fror	(+ -ing form)	10. o	of	
210		5. 10 						

218.	had it on the tip of her tongue	slept like a log
	3. hard of hearing	5. pouring with rain

10. Nouns - Articles

219.	2. M/F	5. M/I	8. N	1 11. M	14. M	17. /	M/F 20	. F	23. M/F
	3. M/F	6. F	9.F	12. M	15. F	18. 1	M 21	. M	24. M/F
	4. M/F	7. M/I	10. N			19. I		. M	
220.	2. politic	ian 5.	student	8. law	yer 11.	doctor	14. clerk	(
	3. sister	6.	niece	9. wa	tress 12.	nun	15. shop	assistan	t
	4. aunt	7.	policewoma	an 10. act	ress 13.	duchess	400 80 (none 100).		
221.	2. broth	ers-in-law	7.	couches	12. hold-u	ips	17. sleepir	na pills	
	3. headl	ines	8.	dishes	13. mice		18. calves	• .	
	4. photo	s	9.	trays	14. teeth		19. water-	bottles	
		robberies		roofs			20. sunsh		
	6. stepfa	athers	11.	sit-ins	16. potato		21. trout		
222.	2. are	4. is	6. is 8	3. is 10.	is 12. is	14. are	16. are	18. is	
	3. is	5. are	7. is 9	. are 11.	is 13. is	15. is	17. is	19. are	
223.	2. C	4. U	6. C 8	B. C 10.	U 12. U	14. U	16. U	18. U	20. C
	3. C	5. U		. U 11.		15. U	17. C	19. U	

224.	tea 5. Kilos/jo 6. drops/b		10. pots of 11. blocks/p 12. items/p 13. jars of j	imps of sugar yoghurt pieces of woo ieces of news	16. g 17. k d 18. r 19. t 20. r	sheets/pieces games of hoco pars of choco pairs of spect ubes of tooth pieces of info packets of sp	ckey blate cacles paste rmation	
225.	2. a 3. the	4. The 5. the	6. the 7. The/A	8. a 9. the	10. The/A 11. a	12. The/A 13. an	14. a	
226.	2. – 3. an	4. a 5. The	6. a 7. the	8. the 9. The	10. the 11. –	12. the 13. a		
227.	2. the 3. the 4. – 5. The/~	6. the 7. the 8. – 9. –	10. the 11. The 12. the 13. –	14. – 15. – 16. the 17. the	18. the/– 19. – 20. the 21. –	22. – 23. – 24. – 25. the	26. – 27. –	
228.	2. is 3. does 4. makes	5. enjoy 6. is 7. are loo	king 10. is	e getting 1 s 1	1. is, is 2. were * 3. is	14. was 15. are 16. gives	17. are 18. was	
		(* each mem	ber of the aud	lience individua	lly)			
229.	2. – 3. the 4. – 5. the	6. The 7. The 8. – 9. the	10. – 11. the 12. – 13. the	14. – 15. – 16. the 17. –	18. the 19. the 20. (the) 21. –	22. – 23. – 24. – 25. –	26. the 27. – 28. –	
230.	2. the 3. the		– 8. th the 9. th			14. – 15. –		8. the 9. –
231.	2. –	3. the 4	. a 5	- 6. -	7. an	8. the	9. –	
Orai	Activity 23	(Suggested no	ouns)					
	a bicycle some wat some mor	er a hot ney an ar	e advice el norak e accommod	an apple a table some sugar ation	some	e work e furniture ssignment	some fruit an essay some educa	ation
	a job some help	a gar o etc	den	·				
Oral	Activity 24	(Suggested no	ouns)					
	the flute Lake Gen		the E the H Harry Time	y's Bar s Square Philippines		the Vatican Mount Ever the equato the Arctic polo	rest	
	Princess I Heathrow the Pacific Kensingto	Airport	the T	rerland Thames Iational Galler Ington Station		Durham Ca the last tim the Spanisi Sarah the library the Panam	e h language	

T does 5 minutes tense drilling before Ss do Exercise 232

- 232. 2. believe
- 6. were taken

- 10. (has) told
- 14, has refused

- 3. found
- 7. were treated
- 11, had seen

- 4. injured
- 8. have been interviewing
- 12. is thought

- 5. were enjoying
- 9. (has) happened
- 13. gave/has given

- 233. 1 -
 - 2. the. -
- 3. -, a, the, -
- 4. a, the 5. -, an
- 6. a, -, -12. -, the.

- 7. a, -, 8. the, the
- 9. -, the
- 10. -, the, -
- 11. -, the, the

- 234. 2. did, (have) made/
 - have done, made
- 9. do 8. make/are making
- 14. doing

20. do

- 3. do/have done, make
- 10. does, makes
- 15. was doing, made
- 16. make, make

4. make

11. make

17. make, do/make 18. made

- 5. do 6. make, do
- 12. make 13. had done, make
- 19. has made/made

- 235. 2. of
- 3. into
- 4. of
- 6. to, about
- 7. about

7. I'm having a new shower installed next month.

8. I had a rocking chair made for my wife.

9. I have my son's homework checked every

8. for

- 5. to

- 236. 2. I should have it repaired.
 - 3. He is having his hair cut.
 - 4. We are having our swimming pool cleaned
 - 5. Sue has had a dress made.
 - 6. He has his milk delivered every morning.
- 237. 2. I'm having my car mended.
 - 3. I've had new windows put in.
 - 4. I'll have a swimming pool built next year.
 - 5. I have my shoes cleaned every day.
 - 6. I have my car washed once a week.

- 7. He's going to have his tooth filled. 8. She had her car filled with petrol.
- 9. We are going to have a garage built.
- 10. He had a house designed.

- 238. 2. had mine dyed
- 5. have mine repaired
- 8. have mine polished

- 3. have mine done 4. have mine made
- 6. having/to have mine washed 7. have/am having mine tidied

night.

- 239. 2. Martha had her car stolen.
 - 3. Terry had his leg broken.
 - 4. Rick had his house broken into by a burglar.
- 5. Gary had his windows smashed by hooligans.
- 6. Todd has had his driving licence taken away by the police.
- 240. 2. Tony had the car fixed.
 - 3. You should have the toilet unblocked.
 - 4. Have/Get your room tidied.
 - 5. Simon is going to have a suit made.
 - 6. Did he have his eyes tested?
 - 7. Tommy has his homework done by his brother.
 - 8. The girl had the story read to her by her mother.
 - 9. They will have the meal cooked by a
 - 10. He is having the report typed by his secretary.

- She will have the lounge decorated.
- 12. You should have your car brakes fixed.
- 13. When will you have your new shower installed?
- 14. Bruce may have his roof repaired.
- 15. Are you going to have your motorbike serviced?
- 16. I've had the whole report rewritten.
- 17. She's having her children taught Computer Science.
- 18. James had the flowers sent round to his mother's house.
- 19. Can't you have the washing machine repaired?

- 20. You should have a telephone installed.
- 21. Mary had the lawn mowed/mown yesterday.
- 22. Jane wants to have a dress made.
- 23. Bob has just had his hair cut.
- 24. Sharon might have her hair dyed red tomorrow.
- 241. 2. He had his new suit made by a tailor.
 - 3. Jim had his shop window broken by a naughty boy.
 - 4. My friend will have his party organised.
 - 5. She had the food for the reception prepared by a caterer.
 - 6. Are you having the dog fed (by your friend) while you're away?
 - 7. He's going to have his receipts checked by an accountant.

- 25. Debbie has had new carpets fitted in her house
- 26. Sue is having her feet massaged at the moment.
- 27. I used to have my teeth polished every six months.
- 28. We need to have our house painted.
 - 8. Mrs Smith got/had her sink repaired by a plumber.
 - 9. She will have her jeans shortened by her
- 10. He had his finger shot off in the war.
- 11. He is having the wheels of his car changed in the garage.
- 12. Tommy had his bicycle stolen.
- 13. She will have a shed built.
- 14. Did you have your motorbike fixed by your brother?

T does 5 minutes tense drilling before Ss do Exercise 242

- 242. 2. have known
 - 3. is

- 6. have a dress made
- 11. 'll go

7. 'Il have to

12. thought

- 4. had her invitations printed
- 8. said 9. looked

13. have her nails manicured

- 5. didn't have

14, will be

- 10. haven't had my hair done
- 15. looked

Oral Activity 25

He is going to have a swimming pool built next month.

He had some trees planted yesterday.

He is having the living room decorated at the moment.

He is going to have a statue of himself erected next week.

He has already had solar panels installed.

He had the walls cleaned last week.

He is having stables built at the moment.

He has not had the horses delivered vet.

He is going to have the whole castle wrapped in ribbon for his wife's birthday.

Writing Activity 9 (Suggested answer)

I had the hole in the wall repaired last week. I am going to have a swimming pool built next month. I had some trees planted yesterday. I am having the living room decorated at the moment. I am going to have a statue of myself erected next week. I have already had solar panels installed. I had the walls cleaned last week. I am having stables built at the moment, but I haven't had the horses delivered yet. I am going to have the whole castle wrapped in ribbon for your birthday. I love you so much!

Charles

5. into 243. 2. out of 3. after 4. down 7. into 8. down 6. away

244. 2. in 3. for 4. of 5. about 6. against 7. about 8. of

245. 2. is ... thick 4. was out of work 6. 'm short of 8. out of practice

3. be hard on 5. were/was in your shoes 7. was sound asleep

20. highly

12. Adjectives - Adverbs - Comparisons

246.	+ -ly	-ic + -ally	-ie ♦ -iy	consonant + y ♦ -ily
		tragically	horribly	cosily
	safely	comically	sensibly	sleepily
	stupidly	dramatically	impossibly	wittily

- 247. 2. good (adj) 17. carelessly (adv) 7. tragic (adj) 12. truly (adv) 3. carefully (adv) 13. hard (adv) 18. beautiful (adi) 8. wholly (adv) 4. cosy (adi) 9. Unfortunately (adv) 19. happily (adv) 14. fast (adv) 5. sad (adi) 15. daily (adv) 20. in a friendly way 10. lovely (adi) 6. sensibly (adv) 11. logically (adv) 16. delicious (adi) (adv)
- 248. manner place time degree frequency sentence relative adverbs adverbs honestly there then wholly always where clearly well only frequently near lately probably why slowly hardly usually obviously away still hard never definitely off at once far suspiciously up now drastically twice perhaps absolutely carefully in the park today occasionally possibly foolishly upstairs immediately quite once honestly badly tomorrow clearly
- 249. 2. widely 5. near 8. lately 11. pretty 14. hardly 17. shortly 3. free 6. nearly 9. deeply 12. prettily 15. last 18. short 4. freely 7. late 10. deep 13. hard 16. Lastly 19. high
- 250. 2. an expensive white satin wedding dress
 - 3. a brilliant new French detective film
 - 4. a fascinating ancient Greek monument
 - 5. a pair of old black leather walking shoes
 - 6. an enormous brown German beef sausage
- 251. 2. I (very much) like spicy food (very much).
 - 3. The weather is quite warm in Portugal.
 - 4. He probably won't be late.
 - 5. Andrew drives carelessly.
 - 6. He's always so rude!

- a lovely red and white Turkish marble chess set
- 8. a big round gold medallion
- 9. a smart new grey cotton suit
- 10. a dirty old black motorcycling jacket
- 7. There's hardly any food left.
- 8. We barely caught our flight to Paris.
- 9. She carried the vase carefully./ She carefully carried the vase.
- 10. He rarely helps in the house.

252. Dear Sam,

... She says she had a great time there. I must come and visit you myself soon. We have always got along well. Unfortunately, I usually work at weekends, but I'll possibly be able to visit you in the summer holidays. I'm really looking forward to seeing you again. I'll phone you next week.

Love, Sue

253. ... One morning he woke up late for work. He got up (quickly) and ran out of the house (quickly) without having breakfast. He nearly missed the 9 o'clock bus, but luckily the bus driver waited for him. The other passengers were all looking at him strangely that morning and he didn't know why. Then he suddenly realised that he was still wearing his pyjamas.

- 254. ... very mean to most of the people in the town. He lived alone in a huge old Victorian house on the side of the hill. Nobody ever saw him, and children were afraid to play near the house. Some people wondered if he was still alive. One day the local home for the disabled received an anonymous note and a cheque for £5,000. The note read: "This is to pay for a two week holiday in Brighton for all of you." Nobody knew where the cheque had come from but, obviously, they were glad to accept it. A year later, Cyril died at the age of 92. The whole town was surprised to find out that the old man had left all his money to the disabled, including his house. This shows that we should never judge the elderly just because they often want to be left alone.
- 255. 2. They arrived home safely this morning. / This morning they arrived home safely.
 - 3. Sam never drinks coffee in the evening. / In the evening Sam never drinks coffee.
 - 4. She sails round the islands on a yacht every summer. / Every summer she sails round the islands on a yacht.
 - 5. The baby slept quietly in his bed all night. / All night the baby slept quietly in his bed.
 - 6. She often goes home early on Fridays. / On Fridays she often goes home early.
 - 7. You rarely see cricket on TV these days. / These days you rarely see cricket on TV.
 - 8. The nightingales were singing loudly in the garden last night. / Last night the nightingales were singing loudly in the garden.

256. 2. happier (the) happiest 6. harder (the) hardest (the) most carefully 3. more carefully 7. more fantastic (the) most fantastic 4. more often (the) most often (the) earliest 8. earlier 5. lonelier (the) loneliest as fat as, the fattest of, the least, of more, than, less interesting than, the most boring/the least interesting of bigger than, smaller than, as big as, the biggest of, the smallest of 258. 2. like 4. as 6. like 8. as. as 10. as 3. like 5. As 7. like 9. as 11. like 259. 2. as 3. as 4. like 5. as 6. as 7. as 8. like 260. 2. more and more painful 3. worse and worse 4. nearer and nearer 261. 2. ... the better your marks will be. 5. ... the quieter/more quiet it is. 3. ... the fitter I feel. 6. ... the busier the roads became. 4. ... the later we'll get there. **262.** 2. extremely 4. awfully 6. too 8. totally 3. absolutely 5. completely 7. terribly 263. 2. little plastic digital 4. lovely long satin 6. large black plastic 3. expensive black silk 5. beautiful Chinese gold 264. 2. the sooner 4. less useful painting to studying 8. to see 3. as interested 5. (more and) more difficult 7. the least useful of 9. leave 265. 2. much 3. much 4. very 5. much 6. very 7. much 8. very 266. 2. worse, than 4. the most boring, of 6. earlier, than 8. the strangest, of

4. more easily

5. more difficult

7. the best

6. warmer

7. the worst

8. more happily

3. longer, than

friendlier/more friendly

267. 2. more

5. duller

Oral Activity 26 (Suggested answers)

The man watching TV is younger.

The woman near him is thinner.

She is wearing a longer skirt.

The dog lying on the floor is bigger.

The man is happier.

The TV set is smaller.

The sofa is longer.

There's less cake/There are fewer slices of cake

on the table.

268. 2. less

3. most

4. least

5. more

269. 2. later

3. better qualified *

4. better

more experienced

(* Note that with adjectives like this we put the first adj in the comparative/superlative degree)

Oral Activity 27 (Suggested answers: Every comparative/superlative structure is acceptable if it is appropriate to the situation.)

Sue is happier than Ann. Betty is the happiest of all. Betty has got bigger eyes than Sue and Ann. Sue's hair is longer than Betty's. Ann's hair is the longest. Ann has got smaller eyes than Sue has. Ann is as slim as Sue.

A dog is more faithful than a bird or a snake. A snake is the least faithful of all.

A bird is friendlier than a snake. A dog is the friendliest of all.

A snake is bigger than a bird. A dog is the biggest of all. A dog is more useful than a bird or a snake.

A snake is the least useful of all. A dog is longer than a bird. A snake is the longest of all.

A dog is more dangerous than a bird. A snake is the most dangerous of all.

A boat is safer than a train. A plane is the safest of all.

A boat journey is more enjoyable than a plane journey. A train journey is the most enjoyable of all.

A train is more comfortable than a plane. A boat is the most comfortable of all.

A train is faster than a boat. A plane is the fastest of all.

A boat is more expensive than a train. A plane is the most expensive of all.

Car B is more expensive than car C. Car A is the most expensive of all.

Car B is faster than car C. Car A is the fastest of all.

Car B is older than car A. Car C is the oldest of all.

Car B is more modern than car C. Car A is the most modern of all.

Car A is bigger than car C. Car B is the biggest of all.

Car A is smaller than car B. Car C is the smallest of all.

Car B is more economical than car A. Car C is the most economical.

Apples are healthier than strawberries. Oranges are as healthy as apples.

Apples are juicier than strawberries. Oranges are the juiciest of all.

Apples are sweeter than oranges. Strawberries are the sweetest of all.

Apples are bigger than strawberries. Oranges are bigger than apples but sometimes oranges are as big as apples.

Writing Activity 10 (Suggested answer)

... and it's nearest the centre of town. It's also more modern than the others, but unfortunately it's the noisiest. The small house is more expensive than the flat but less expensive than the big house. It's farther away from the centre of town than the flat, but the area is quieter. It's older than the flat and the big house. The big house is the most expensive of all, and it's also the farthest from the city. It's bigger than the others and it's much quieter. It's newer than the small house but older than the flat, and it's in the most beautiful area of all. You'd better come and see yourself.

Yours, Sam

270.	2. warmer 3. nicer	4. older 5. smal		est appier	8. easier 9. slowest	10. oldest 11. fastest	12. most er	njoyable
	T does 5 m	inutes ter	nse drilling	before S	s do Exercis	e 271		
271.	 was built time not m was stayi was used to w had had prom 	nentioned) ng vork/had w	orked 1	speech 9. to wate 10. were 11. were 12. arrive	, ch walking/ walk e joined	Pe 15. go ed 16. wa 17. ha		
272.	4. He looke	r heard sud d at me an makes as	ch a silly thir	ng!	7. That book this one.	esn't run as fa k is much/far l you get up, th let ready.	ess interesti	ng than
273.	2. up 3	3. off/out	4. up	5. by	6. up to	7. up	8. out	9. for
274.	2. by	3. at	4. by	5. at	6. by	7. by	3. at	
275.	2. behind ba 3. in a flash		full of beans take it easy		oy and large out of the blue		ng my finger	s crossed
			Re	vision l	Exercises III	l		
276.	3. B	5. A 6. D 7. D	8. B 9. A 10. D	11. C 12. A 13. A	14. C 15. C 16. D	17. D 18. B 19. B	20. D 21. A 22. A	23. B 24. C 25. B
277.	The first night I spent alone in the castle was the most terrifying night of my life. My grandmother had recently died and had left me the place in her will. It was a rather old Scottish castle with a long and mysterious history. Strangely, I didn't feel afraid when I arrived there in the evening, but as night fell I began to feel cold and lonely. I decided to go upstairs to bed at 11 o'clock, and soon fell into a deep sleep. I was awakened a few hours later by a strange noise in the room. I (quickly) turned on the lamp (quickly) and, to my horror, saw that there was an ugly old woman standing at the foot of my bed. She was wearing a black dress and her face was totally white. Her eyes were red and she was staring straight at me with a terrifying evil smile on her face. I wanted to scream and run out of the room, but I was too afraid to move. Suddenly, she floated up in the air and flew at me, screaming horribly. I leapt out of bed, ran downstairs, through/out of the castle door, jumped into my car and drove off at top speed. I have never been back to the castle since							
278.	 Even thou the had seen seeing could spe 		7. rained 8. so 9. by 10. would se 11. if	end	12. asking 13. until 14. shouldn' 15. too 16. found	18. tok t 19. wh		ed
279.	2. the 3. – 4. –	5. the 6. – 7. –	8. The 9. the 10. –	11. – 12. tt 13. tt	he 15. t	he 18.	the	

- 280. 2. ... first time she's been ...
 - 3. ... since you moved to ...
 - 4. ... (been) a year since I (last) ...
 - 5. ... he's young, he can speak three ...
 - 6. ... seen a good film for ...
 - 7. ... arrive early enough to meet ...
 - 8. ... you check this ...
 - 9. ... have bought ...
 - 10. ... can't be ...
 - 11. ... shouldn't/ought not to have told ...

- 12. ... is expected that she will win ...
- 13. ... is said to be very ...
- 14. ... be able to eat there unless you book ...
- 15. ... don't ring him now, it will be ...
- 16. ... his car destroyed by ...
- 17. ... had her portrait painted by a famous ...
- 18. ... the tallest man I've ever ...
- 19. ... as a dishonest ...
- 20. ... me not to tease the .../me against teasing the ...

- 281. 2. up
- 4. for
- 6. out
- 8. up
- 10. out

- 3. about
- 5. for
- 7. out of
- 9. from

7. had just had delivered

12. had asked

- 3. had to/would have to
- 8. would probably cost
- had asked
 would not have had to

4. didn't have

282. 2. was told/had been told

9. thought

14. feels*

- 5. to have a suit made
- 10. was finished
- 15. rides

6. chose

11. was shocked

(* not "is feeling" because it means "is searching")

283. (Suggested answers)

- 2. She reminded him to feed the cat.
- 3. I apologised for forgetting/having forgotten her birthday.
- 4. He accused me of breaking/having broken his tape recorder.
- 5. She complained to him of feeling/that she felt tired and sick.
- 6. He warned me not to drive so fast/that I shouldn't drive so fast or I would be killed.
- 7. She agreed (with me) that it was very expensive.
- 8. He denied shooting/having shot/that he had shot the President.
- 9. He invited her (to go) to Paris with him.
- 10. He refused to lend me his leather jacket.
- 284. John was sent to boarding school at the age of ten. Before he left he was given some spending money and was told by his father to obey his teachers. He had never been sent away on his own before, so he felt a bit nervous on the train, although he knew that he would be picked up at the station. When he arrived at the school he was shown to his room and he realised it would have to be shared with twenty other boys! But after he had been taken round the school and had been invited to play football by some older boys, he knew he would be happy there.

285. (Suggested answers)

James complained that he didn't feel well. Sue exclaimed that that was a shame, and suggested that he should see a doctor. James agreed that he should, and/but reminded her that they were going to the theatre that night. Sue suggested staying/that they should stay at home. James insisted that they had to go/on going and said they had promised to be/that they would be there. Sue denied that she had promised, and James accused her of always forgetting what she had said.

- 286. 2. which
- 4. where
- 6. (why)
- 8. who
- 10. why

- 3. which
- 5. which
- 7. whom*
- 9. which
- [* All, most, both, etc are followed by whom (for people) / which (for objects)]
- 287. 2. to tell
- 5. coming

8. you/your coming

- 3. to arrive
- 6. recovering

9. to do

- 4. to say
- 7. getting/having got
- 10. to see

KEY

288. 2. mustn't 6. can/will 3. can't 7. should/ought to/must/had better 4. should/ought to/had better 8. might/may/will 5. needn't/don't need to 289. 2.c 3. i 4. a 5. k 6. f 7. b 8.1 9. d 10. i 11. h 12. g 290. (Suggested answers) 2. You ought to/should have told them the 7. May I shut the window? truth. 8. She needn't have/didn't need to come 3. He can't have said that. that early. 4. You mustn't smoke in the house. 9. Be careful! You could have caused an accident. 5. Would/Do you mind typing this for me? 6. Shall we go swimming? 10. Can she win? 13. Demonstratives - Pronouns - Possessives - Quantifiers 291. 2. those 3. This, that 4. This 5. That 6. These * (* Those is also possible here because the slippers are in the dog's mouth; in someone else's possession) 292. 2. this 3. those 4. these 5. that 293. 2. He 4. him 6. he 8. They 10. me 12. I 14. it 3. you 5. he 7. She 9. we 11. they/she 13. her 294. 2. lt 3. There 4. It 5. There 6. it 7. There 8. It 9. it 295. 2. mine 4. your 6. them 8. my/your 10. his 12. you 5. ! 7. your/my 3. yours 9. them 11, they 13. I 2. We saw Mrs Jones's dog in the park. 6. We will leave on tonight's flight. 3. They spoke to Tim and Mary's daughter 7. This is the children's classroom. vesterday. 8. Have you seen John's and Sally's houses? 4. I would like you to meet a friend of mine. 9. I stayed at my mother-in-law's house 5. Here are two compositions of Tina's. last night. /Here are two of Tina's compositions. 10. The cost of living is rising rapidly nowadays. 297. 2. I will give you some books of my own./some of my own books. 3. They've got a car of their own/their own car to drive to work. 4. Jane would like a dog of her own./her own dog. 5. We would like an island of our own four own island. 298. 2.'s 3. of 4 of 5. ' 6. 's 7. ' 8. of 9. of 10. of 299. 2. We/I/They 5. them 8.1 11. him/her 14. their 17. you 6. me 3. us/me 9. her 12. Our 15. they 4. they 7. She 10. she/he 13. mine 16. it 300. 2. myself 3. yourselves 5. themselves 4. himself 6. herself 7. ourselves 301. 2. themselves 5. each other 8. ourselves 11. ourselves 3. each other 6. ourselves 9. himself 12. itself 7. themselves 4. ourselves 10, each other 302. 2. himself, reflexive pronoun 5. herself, reflexive pronoun 8. itself, reflexive pronoun

6. themselves, emphatic pronoun

7. ourselves, emphatic pronoun

3. myself, reflexive pronoun

4. herself, emphatic pronoun

303.	 blames he Wrap your built thems 	self 6. B	upset herself 8. enjoy yourself/y Behave yourselves lives by herself		yourselves
304.	2. my	3. the 4.	the 5. their		
305.	 some nothing something any everything 	7. No one 8. Nobody 9. some 10. every 11. anyone	12. Somebody 13. some 14. Someone 15. anywhere 16. any	17. nowhere 18. anything 19. everywhere 20. Somebody 21. some	22. Everything 23. anyone 24. no
306.	, ,	ny (formal English	5. much	any (formal English)	8. many 9. little 10. much *

^{(*} much is used before a comparative degree)

307. (Suggested answers)

- 2. All of them are mammals./They are all mammals.
- 3. None of them like(s) rainy weather.
- Both of them are good students./They are both good students./Both Maria and Marina are good students.
- 5. None of them can speak German.
- 6. All of them failed the exam./They all failed the exam.
- 7. Both of them are very friendly./They are both very friendly./Both Phil and Georgina are very friendly.
- 8. They both have fair hair and blue eyes./Both of them have fair hair and blue eyes./Both Jean and Deborah have fair hair and blue eyes.
- 9. All of them went to the zoo./They all went to the zoo.

308.	2. whole (* all	is not possible here	e) 4. Both	1	6. All	8. all	10. all
	3. none		5. neith	er	7. none	9. both	11. none
309.	2. every	4. each	6. each	É	8. Every/	Each	10. every
	3. every	Every/Each	7. each	l.	9. each		
310.	2. ones	4. ones	6. ones	8. one	10.0	one	29
	3. ones	5. one	7. ones	9. one)		
311.	2. anyone	4. everyone	6. some	Э	8. son	newhere	
	3. someone	5. someone	7. some	ething	9. son	ne	
312.	2. few	4. little	6. a little		8. little	10. a	little
	3. A few	5. a few	7. few		9. a few		
313.	2. few	3. much	4. (a) little	5	a lot		

Oral Activity 28 (Suggested answer)

Graham is in love with a girl called Patricia. He wants 1) her to marry 2) him, and he has asked her 3) a few times but she has always refused. He gave her a diamond ring which he had made 4) himself and cost 5).a lot of money to make. But 6) that wasn't good enough for her. She said there weren't 7) many diamonds in it. Then he offered to buy her a big house where they could live by 8) themselves for the rest of 9) their lives. 10) That idea didn't have 11) much success either. She said that she couldn't imagine 12) herself living with him for so 13) many years. 14) "That would be too boring," she said. Finally Graham told her that all he had 15) was hers if only she would marry 16) him. 17) "That is not enough for me," she said. You haven't really got very 18) much."

Oral Activity 29 (Suggested answers)

None of the women have/has short hair. They all/All of them have long hair. Both of the men have short hair. Neither of them have/has long hair. None of the women have/has straight hair. All of them have long hair. Neither of the men have/has curly hair. They both/Both of them have straight hair. Neither of the men have/has dark hair. Both of them have fair hair. All of the women are wearing glasses. None of them are/is wearing a hat. Both of the men are wearing suits. None of the women is/are wearing a suit. All of the women are thin. None of them are/is fat. All of the women are poor. None of them are/is rich. Both of the men are rich. Neither of them are/is poor. Both of the men are happy. Neither of them are/is unhappy. All of the women are unhappy. None of them are/is happy. All of the women are wearing dresses. None of them is/are wearing skirts or blouses. etc.

Writing Activity 11 (Suggested answer)

... Neither of them had a beard or moustache. When the old man came out of the building both the men got behind him and forced him to the ground. He tried to defend himself but he couldn't/ wasn't able to stop either of them. None of the people in the street stopped to help. They all walked quickly past. Each time the old man screamed they both kicked him again. They both ran away when the police arrived.

T does 5 minutes tense drilling before Ss do Exercise 314

8. below

11. through

9. above/over

10. round/around

314.	 3 you'l 4 must 5 admining l was th 6 being 7 diffication 8 may/) finished/did I lose your	/ admit	15 have been to the dentist/have had to go to the dentist					
315.	(Suggested answers) 2. Both of them/They both have the flu. 3. None of them passed their exams.				4. Neither of them ate dessert.5. There was nobody on the sinking ship.6. There isn't anything that can make him happy.				
316.	 some any No one some somewing 	·	9. anyth	ne/anybody	-		here one/anybod one/anybod		
317.	2. down	3. out	4. up	5. af	ter	6. off	7. off	8. away	
318.	2. by	3. by	4. by	5. by	6. at	7. by	8. for	9. for	
319.		and white a miracle	4. in co 5. rang	old blood a bell	6. m	ade my bloc	od boil		
				14. Prep	osition	s .			
320.	2. on		7. on top	of	12. a	among		17. across	

13. between

15. in front of/outside

14. behind

16. along

18. up

19. down

21. onto

20. opposite

3. at

5. under

4. near/outside

6. over/above

	22. off 23. into		25. past 26. next t	o/bu/k	osido		7. agair	nst		30). to/toward	
	24. out of		outsic		eside		28. over 29. from	to			direction	Of
	(Point out that the others ar				22, 23,	24, 2	25, 28, 2	9, 30 a	re prepos	sitions	s of movem	ent;
321.	2. on top of 3. off 4. onto	/on	5. below 6. agains 7. up	ķ	9. 0	ver/	de/in fro (a)round o/beside			past towa		
322.	2. on 3. round	4. 5.	on Above/Ove	er	6. thro 7. outs		next to	8. on 9. Op	posite		10. next t	o/beside
323.	2. In front o 3. between		in front of behind		6. onto			8. tov	vards/in	the c	direction of	
324.	2. down 3. across	4. alo 5. pas	•	6. into 7. in	•		. At . off/ont	0	10. onto		12.	to
325.	2. by 3. on	4. at 5. by	6. in 7. on/a	along		8. in 9. o		10. 11.		12.	by	
326.	2. on 3. by	4. on 5. on	6. in 7. By		8. on 9. in		10. In 11. or					
327.	2. on 3. at	4. On 5. at	6. in 7. at		8. At 9. in	9	10. or 11. in		12. at 13. in		14. on 15. on	16. on
328.	2. at 3.on	4. On 5. at	6. in 7. at		8. in 9.On		10. in 11. at		12. at			
329.	2. for *	3. since	4. for		5. sinc	е						
	(* "for" is use action happe	ed with Presened in the p	sent Perfect bast; he doe	when esn't w	the acti	on is	still goir ermarket	ng on a any m	nd with P ore)	ast S	Simple when	the
330.	2. before	3. b	efore	4.	ago	5	. ago					
331.	2. already	3. st	till	4.	yet	5	. alread	y	6. yet			
332.	2. while	3. D	uring	4.	during	5	. while					
333.	2. on time	3. in	time	4.	on time	е						
334.	2. until/till	3. B	y the time	4.	at	5	. by		6. until/	till		
335.	2. after	3. at	fterwards	4.	from	5	. until/til	/to	6. within	n	7. afte	r
336.	2. in the beg		4. at 5. at				at the	_	ning			
337.	 before after 		fterwards /ithin		after In the	end	8. F 9. to					
			15.	Ques	stions	and	Answ	ers				
338.	2. asking fo 3. making a 4 making a	request		7. ask	king an king for	pern	nission		11. mal	king	or informat a request	

8. making a request

9. making an offer

4. making an invitation

5. making a suggestion

12. making a suggestion

13. asking for information

KEY

339.	2. What time 3. Where 4. How often	6. Which (lim 7. What (unlin 8. Who	mited choice) 11	. Why 14. W . When	/hat
	5. Whose	9. How long	13	3. How many	
340.	2. Which/What 3. Which	4. What 5. Which/W	6. What hat 7. Which	8. Which 19. Which	0. What
341.	 Who did Chr Who does C What does J Who shouted Who did Jan What did he 	lare like? 9 lenny like? d at Pam? 10 e see? 11	3. Who likes James? 4. Who did Steven had dinner with? 5. Who loves Michael? 6. Who hit Trevor? 7. Who did Tom go out	ve 14. Who ha 15. What di ? 16. Who did	d Terry drive? tes Janet? d Walter steal? d Colin meet?
342.	 Where was i When did it/t Who did it? What was he What happed he was walk 	this happen? wearing? ned/What did he	8. Wha 9. Whe 10. Wha do when 11. Who	re was he taken to? t did the doctors find ware was it? t had he fainted from? came to the hospital? re did they take him to	3
343.	 you any id the football r you know week? 	where the post of lea how much a ti match is? if/whether it raine e what the date is	icket for 7 you strike ed last 8 you 9 you	tell me why the train i any idea if/whether th tomorrow? tell me if/whether he i any idea how he can sive car?	e buses are on eft his last job?
344.	2. isn't it?	3. didn't you?	4. aren't you? 5.	didn't I 6. are you	? 7. shall we?
345.	 isn't he didn't you do you 	5. aren't I 6. don't you 7. shall we	8. didn't they 9. shouldn't h 10. won't you	11. don't they e 12. isn't it 13. will you	14. will he 15. isn't there
Oral	Activity 32 (Sug	gested answers)			
	Team B S3: Team A S4: Team B S4: Team A S5: Team B S5: Team A S6: Team B S6: Team A S7: Team B S7:	Pam doesn't wan The waiter looks It looks like he's of The bride and gro The groom has p The bride's quite The bride's father The bride's mother	er a drink, isn't he? It a drink, does she? Itired, doesn't he? Itired to spill the drinl Itired took happy, don'	t they? bride's shoulders, has r, has he? husband, is she?	
346.	2. I didn't 3. it was	4. I'm not 5. 1 didn't	6. they had 7. they weren't	8. I can 9. 1 don't	10. I will

347. 2. I don't think so/I think not 3. I'm afraid not 7. He told me so 11. I believe so 4. I guess so 8. She didn't say so 12. I expect so 5. I imagine so 9. It appears so 348. 2. ... Neither does Bill, but Eve and Sue do. 6. ... Neither does Jo, but Eve and Bill do.

3. ... Neither can Sue, but Jo and Bill can.

Neither can Bill, but Jo and Sue can.
 So does Bill, but Eve and Sue don't.

7. ... So can Sue, but Jo and Bill can't.

8. ... So does Sue, but Eve and Bill don't.

349. (Suggested answers)

2. Yes, please
3. No, thank you
4. I'm afraid you can't/ Yes, you may I'm afraid not
5. Yes, please
6. Yes, of course/ Yes, you may 10. I'd love to 10. I'd love

350. (Suggested answers)

Can/Could I, Yes, you can.
 Can I ... Yes, of course.
 Do you want ... No, thanks.
 Will/Could you ... Sorry, I can't.

4. Could you ... Yes, of course. 7. Do you want to/Would you like to ... I'd like to

351. 2. have you, I have 4. don't you, I do 6. aren't you, I'm not 5. do you, I don't 7. aren't you, I am

352. 2. Did you start acting 6. When are you going to make

3. Have you made a lot of money from acting?

7. Who else stars in it with you?

8. Where are you making your new film?

4. How much do you earn?5. How did you find life in9. Why did you choose the cinema rather than the theatre?

353. 2. So do I 5. So am I 8. So do I 3. Neither do I 6. So did I 9. So do I 4. Neither have I 7. Neither would I 10. Neither can I

Oral Activity 33 (Suggested answers)

Team B S3: What were they charged with?

Team A S3: Stealing fish.

Team B S4: What time did they enter the park?

Team A S4: 2 o'clock in the morning.
Team B S5: What were they carrying?

Team A S5: Nets.

Team B S6: What did they catch? Team A S6: Two Japanese fish.

Team B S7: How much were they worth?

Team A S7: Over £100 each.

Team B S8: When did the policeman stop them?
Team A S8: When they were walking home.

Team B S9: Why was he suspicious?

Team A S9: Because he saw fish tails sticking out of their shirts.

Team B S10: How old were the students?

Team A S10: 20.

Team B S11: How much were they fined?

Team A S11: £70 each.

Teacher: Great! The game is a draw.

(If the teams make mistakes or answer wrong they don't get a point.)

- 354. 2. ... is she annoyed about?
 - 3. ... did she get engaged to?
 - 4. ... is he furious about?
 - 5. ... did the prisoner escape from?
 - 6. ... are they laughing at?

- 7. ... should I apologise for?
- 8. ... did it die of?
- 9. ... has he taken a photograph of?
- 10. ... did you forget to remind me about?

T does 5 minutes tense drilling before Ss do Exercise 355

- **355.** 2. has forgotten (visible results in the present)
 - 3. 'Il go
 - 4. to invite
 - 5. meeting
 - 6. haven't been able to
 - 7. was bitten
 - 8. had remembered

- 9. has been playing
- 10. was talking
- 11. will have finished
- 12. going
- 13. to borrow
- 14. was being repaired
- 15. don't pass

356. 2	2. out	3. down	4. to	5. up	6. off	7. up	8. on	9. up
357.	2. on	5. in, with	8. b	etween	11. ln	14. on	17. to)
	3. in	6. in	9. w	rith	12. on	15. for	18. al	oout -
	4. in	7. on	10.	on	13. on	16. with		
358.	2. for	3. out	4. on	5. for	6. in with			

Revision Exercises IV

359. 2. B	4. B	6. A	8. C	10. B	12. B	14. A	16. D
3. A	5. D	7. B	9. D	11. A	13. B	15. C	

360. At 5 o'clock on Sunday morning Jim was woken up by a strange noise. He looked out of the window and saw his car being driven away. He ran towards the stairs, and halfway down he was tripped up by his dog. Fortunately he didn't break anything, but by the time he got outside his car had been driven out of sight. When he went back to the house he discovered that he had been locked out. As he was climbing in through the kitchen window he was seen by a policeman and was thought to be a burglar. He was arrested and taken to the police station. His wife was phoned and told to come. When they were told who he was he was allowed to go home, but his car was never found!

(Not all the sentences can be turned into Passive voice since intransitive verbs have no passive forms.)

- 361. 2. Julia apologised to me for not having rung/ringing me the previous day/the day before.
 - 3. She explained that that was why she hadn't spoken to him.
 - 4. She exclaimed that it had been a lovely meal.
 - 5. He reminded me about our appointment the following/next day.
 - 6. She told/asked the children to be quiet.
 - 7. Pam refused to do Jim's homework for him.
 - 8. He accused Julie of stealing/having stolen the money.
 - 9. She agreed that it might be a good plan.
 - 10. Bob denied breaking/having broken the window.
- 362. 2. He has had his portrait painted by a famous artist.
 - 3. I had my hair permed yesterday.
 - 4. Twelve people had their houses burnt down in the fire.
 - 5. The footballer will have his leg operated on by a well-known surgeon.
 - 6. Gary had his luggage flown home.

363.	2, the	5. the, -	8,The	11. The, the, the
	3. the, -, the	6, the	9. the, -, -	12. The, -, the
	4 the _	7	10 the the the	Marie Distriction of the Company

364. Lorna Steel is possibly the most talented actress the world has ever seen. Her exciting career covers sixty years. She usually made at least five films a year. She will probably be remembered as the most popular actress of our time. The film industry was deeply shocked when she announced her retirement last year. She had being going to the studios in a huge luxurious black limousine every day for the past 40 years. No one could quite believe her presence would no longer brighten up our cinema screens. She is now retired and lives in an extremely large beach house near the Mexican border. These days she very rarely makes any public appearances. She is still beautiful, but now prefers to devote her valuable time to looking after old, stray dogs.

305.	2. In 6. out 10. over		14. for	18. behind		
	3. after	7. up	11. in	15. at	19. up	
	4. in for	8. on	12. on	16. up to	20. down	
	5. on	9. in	13. from, to, by	17. out/off		
366.	2. was water	hing	5. stares	8. has been doing	11. will be selling/	
	3. saw	7 .0	imagines	'9. will come	will sell	
	4. has alwa	ys dreamt	7. is working	10. has heard	12. has been saving	
367.	2. has been	ì	7. was following	12. found out	17. is planning	
	3. has ever	had	8. went on	13. had actually met	18. will welcome	
	4. went		9. would find	14. knew		
	5. (had) ask	ced	10. encountered	15. had died		
	6. had disap	ppeared	11. stayed	16. became		

368. (Suggested answers)

was given

2. had spoken to	9. think he'll	15. you need/have to pay
3. had been stolen	10. won't be on/doesn't start	16. won't have finished
4. them cleaned	11. have been/were killed/	17. needs cutting
5. will have been (working)	injured in	18. had our car
6. goes to work	12. 'll catch	19. was raining when
7. she had been working	13. wouldn't have known	

369.	2. to go	5. to control	8. to pick	11. to say
	3. travelling	6. trying	9. talking	12. taking/havin

ng taken 10. to walk

14. is staying at

4. hitting 7. to get

- 370. 2. ... may/might/could have already told
 - 3. ... shouldn't/ought not to have punished that child.
 - 4. ... we go for a pizza?
 - 5. ... (am afraid I) can't see you this
 - ... has to be at work at 6 o'clock every
 - 7. ... had better/should/ought to write to her.
 - 8. ... can't be Spanish.
 - must have stolen my pen.

- my friends like rock music.
- 11. ... both have dogs.
- 12. ... nothing in the fridge.
- 13. ... he has ever played polo.
- 14. ... since they moved to Rome?
- 15. ... helping me with this?
- 16. ... the contract sent to you tomorrow.
- 17. ... only I hadn't said that to her.
- 18. ... good enough for camping.
- 19. ... should/ought to/had better see a lawyer.
- 20. ... where I work.
- 21. ... can't have said that.
- 22. ... you invite them, they won't come.

(TIME: 60 MINUTES)

Test 1 (Units 1 - 4)

A Chaose the correct item

Л.	Choose the confec	i item.				
1.	John is a good boy. He before he leaves for set A) is always tidying C) always tidies	chool.	f.	Susan works in a th amous actors so fa A) met C) has met	r. B) is mee	ting
2.	We for Pari Monday morning. A) had left C) have left	s at 7 o'clock next B) have been leaving D) are leaving	V A	Weour tick went on holiday. A) were booking C) have booked	B) had be	en booking
3.	You things! Can' A) are always losing C) always lost		F	t's a pleasure A) meet C) met	B) to mee	t
4.	These flowers	nice. What are they? B) have smelt D) smell	İI	t was clever of him n five minutes. A) do B) doing		ossword D) to do
5.	Mr Jones No on Friday. A) has been in C) has been to	B) has gone to	ir A	Wein a bin a flat. A) used to live C) would live	B) have live	d
6.	I Capri. I went the A) have been to C) have gone to	B) have gone in		They arrested him w A) tell C) telling	vithout B) to tell D) to telling	**************************************
7.	She hard all tired to go to the party A) is working C) had been working	B) has worked	to A	suppose Martha o her house. A) will wake up I C) wakes up	3) will have w	oken up
	Daniel in Australia he moved to England. A) lived C) lives	B) has lived	r.	to the librate turned. A) Had you gone C) Will you be going	B) Do you	go
	Tom was painting the gin the garden. A) have been working C) work	garage while I B) had worked D) was working	V	He can't leave the ovriting that report. A) finished C) finishes	ffice until he B) will fini D) is goin	sh
	While she acr and twisted her ankle. A) ran C) had run	ross the road she fell B) was running D) has run	F	There are books all de	g B) had stu	

B. Fill in the correct preposition or adverb.

- 21. When she heard the bad news she broke and cried.
- 22. It's important that children are brought properly.
- 23. "Hold a minute. I'll put you through to Mr Jones."
- 24. I nearly caught a butterfly in my net but it got
- 25. She got the bus when she realised she was on the wrong one.

C. Fill in the correct preposition.

- 26. They always blame Mike everything.
- 27. The schoolboy was accused starting the fire.
- 28. A local man was charged murdering his wife.
- 29. There is so little difference the twins that no one can tell one from the other.
- France is famous its fine wines.

D. Fill in: yet, already, for, since or how long.



E. Complete the sentences using an appropriate word or phrase.

F. Rephrase the following sentences.

41. I've never met anyone famous before.

It's the

42. It's a long time since he's seen his grandmother.

- It's dangerous
- 45. Would you mind dusting the furniture?

 Could

G. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense.

Geoff, John, Dave and Darren (46) (work) in Spain for three months when they (47) (decide) to go travelling around the country. They (48) (just/make) up their minds where to go when Dave (49) (receive) a telephone call from his mother. She said that she and his father were planning to visit him for a week. She asked if it was okay and of course Dave said yes. She (50) (tell) him they would be arriving on 21st May, the first day of the holiday, and would be staying for one week. Dave (51) (finish) talking to his mother and they all sat down to rearrange their plans. "We can put off our trip until Tuesday because your parents (52) (leave) by then," (53) (suggest) Darren. "Yes, this (54) (be) the best solution. After all, there (55) (be) two weeks left to enjoy ourselves," said Dave.



H. Put the verbs in brackets into the infinitive or -ing form



Kim and Dan decided to spend a few days at the seaside. They considered (56) (go) to Brighton, but then decided to go to a quiet place in Norfolk. Although Dan is accustomed to (57) (travel) long distances, that day he was too sleepy to drive so he asked Kim to do it. She normally objected to (58) (drive) very far, but she agreed (59) (do) it this time. They remembered (60) (take) a map with them to avoid (61) (get) lost, but unfortunately Kim took a wrong turning almost immediately, and by the time she realised, it was too late to turn back. She was so upset that she didn't realise how fast she was driving and was made (62) (stop) by a policeman. It was no

use (63) (deny) that she had been speeding, so she ended up (64) (pay) a fine. All this time Dan had been sleeping, but in the end she couldn't resist (65) (wake) him up to tell him what had happened.

_	EST 1			KEY		Aller Print		
A.		A 5. B D 6. A	8. A	10. B 12	D 14. D	15. A 16. C	17. B 18. C	19. C 20. A
В.	21. down	22. up		24. av	av 25.	neci iten	nn adi e	Cinne
C.	26. for		28. with	29. betv	een 30	. for		
D.	31. since	32. alread	dy terivi33		belood at fre			I'm sorry A'r teit
E.	(Suggested 36 to tur	112 All 12	off at	38 39	have left . having sto have beer	or for (G olen/stealin o playing in	ıg el	
F.	42 seen	me I've (ever) his grandmoth lk in the city at	er for a long	time.	44 experi 45 you (p	enced enc	t the furni	ture?aa t aa taaw
G.	46. had bee 47. decided 48. had just	es in denie	49. red 50. tok 51. fini	DO SECURE S	52. will have 53. suggest 54. is	ed	55. will	
H.	56. going 57. travelling	g 59. to	Iriving o do	60. to tak 61. gettin	g 63.	to stop denying	64, j 65,	waking
	PATEON TA	sused off o	Long peliet Ling of the		ady knew ab		pre	राज कर्न
	Ac HSA		ezao ni (Tarrell'U	ALCOHOLD PE		feum (8 Varn (0		
	F Calshold It is brother to Why gad	asked the cu	All filed of Visid II Was When son When	T.Or (Acres in the second sec	ម្រាស់ ឯសមារ ស្នែក រូប		en it's\/ fuc ens (A evad (O
3.5	w swyrigsési (443)	e il solito era il Chack (al)	ther deliver dues thems	i i i i i i		Ba 8 m 216	NA SECURE CONTRACTOR	og ven d om ege
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Marking Scheme for Test 1

Exercises B, C, F, G, H:
Exercises A, D, E:

September arc. For mally had

4 points per item 2 points per item

could hulgered."
A) order 15) so

Total 200

(TIME: 60 MINUTES)

Test 2 (Units 1 - 8)

	Choose	44-		***
4	C.noose	me	COFFECT	ITEM

1.	I'm sorry you th A) tell C) to tell	at the flight is booked up. B) telling D) for telling	,	pretty you look A) What C) What a	today! B) How D) Such
2.	He regrets so A) to spend C) spent		-	trying hard, I A) Despite the fact C) Although	couldn't lift the box. B) In spite of D) Whereas
3.	want to wait?	ne back - do you B) has come D) came	i	Spain,is a Mis visited by many to A) what C) which	Mediterranean country, purists every year. B) where D) whose
4.	You be late ag be informed. A) don't have to C) needn't	gain or your parents will B) aren't D) mustn't	8	She claimed at the old castle. A) to see C) seeing	B) to be seen D) to have seen
5.	the meeting.	B) mustn't have D) may have	8	sure to get to the th A) in case	
6.	We'll ring them befo busy. A) are C) have been	B) were D) had been	F	The barman asked to Porsche was parked A) what C) which	the customersd d outside. B) who D) whose
7.	lose them.	B) so that not D) not to	4	The man invent called Bell. A) which C) what	B) who D) whose
8.	exhausted by the er A) such		Ä	The place she a lot recently. A) where C) which	e was born has changed B) when D) what
9.	There's lot of v could help me? A) such B) so	vork! Do you think you C) such a D) so a	P	strong coffee A) How C) What	this is! B) What a D) Which
10.	She suggested A) to go C) would go	B) will go D) going	P	'm sorry that A) say C) saying	I didn't enjoy your book. B) to say D) be saying

B. Fill in the correct preposition or adverb.

- 21. I'll lend you some money if you promise to give it soon.
- 22. Jack has been trying to give smoking for years.
- 23. We went working until it got dark.
- 24. Who looked your children when you went away?
- 25. I made an excuse not to go to the cinema.

C. Fill in the correct preposition.

- 26. Paul likes rugby but isn't keen football.
- 27. Everyone was jealous Tina when she won first prize.
- 28. Her brothers were never mean her.
- 29. You should be proud yourself for passing the test.
- 30. We can't rely the bus to get us there in time.

D. Rephrase the following sentences using the words in bold type.

- 31. Could you pass me that box of matches, please?
- 32. This TV is very old, but it still works.
- 33. People say he's the greatest boxer in the world.
- 34. They got up early because they wanted to watch the sunrise.
- 35. If you don't have her address, you can't write to her.

MIND

ALTHOUGH

SAID

SO THAT

UNLESS

E. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense.

Sue: What (36) (you/do) tonight, Kevin?

Kevin: I(37)(go) to that dinosaur

exhibition at the museum. Do you want to

come?

Sue: No, thanks. I (38) (already/see) it.

Kevin: Oh? What did you think of it?

Sue: I(39) (enjoy) it more if my little

brother hadn't been with me.

Kevin: Why?

Sue: Well, the exhibition was interesting, but

my brother spoiled it for me. While I

(40) (look) at the Tyrannosaurus

Rex, he disappeared.

Kevin: Oh, no!

Sue: Yes, I couldn't find him anywhere. I

(41) (look) for him for about half an hour when a museum guard

approached me and told me they had

found a little boy.

Kevin: Where was he?

Sue: When they found him, he (42)

(sit) on the back of a dinosaur.

Kevin: Ha ha! I'm sure you (43) (be)

happy when the school holidays are over.

Sue: That's true. I (44) (have) more

than enough of him by the end of the summer. School (45) (start) on September 3rd. I'm really looking forward

to it.



F.	Rephrase the following sentences using an appropriate modal verb.
46. 47. 48. 49.	I don't think they're twins. They don't look alike. It wasn't necessary for you to leave so early. I advise you to eat more fresh vegetables. I'm sure he is ill. It is forbidden to talk during the exam.
G.	Rewrite the following pasage in the Passive.
	(51) Luke Welling is directing a new film. (52) He has chosen Laura Gold for the lead role. (53) They have given her several Oscars for her brilliant acting. (54) They will shoot the film in the Sahara desert. (55) Everyone expects the film will be a great success.
н. (Ise Gary's thoughts to write wishes and conditionals as in the example:
e.g. 56	My father is rich. That's why they kidnapped me. 58. They are wearing masks. I can't see their faces. 10. I can't see their faces. 59. I can't shout for help. No one can find me. 10. I want my father to pay them soon. Then they won't kill me. 11. I wish my father wasn't/weren't rich. If my father wasn't/weren't rich, they wouldn't have kidnapped me.
I.	Fill in: when, if, until, by the time, while.

61. until

T	EST 2			KE	Y	words in	hald ly		
Α.	1. C 3 2. D 4. l	A 5. A D 6. A	7. C 8. A	9. C 10. D	11. B 12. B	13, C 14, D	15. B 16. D	17. B 18. A	19. C 20. B
В.	21. back	22. up	23. on	24	. after	25. up	grafi tae	the con	Choose
C.	26. on	27. of	28. to	29. of	30	on	- 35 ANN	av gota b	ajoria delt Vidensi TA
D.	32. Although 33. It is said 34. They go	ald you mind the this TV is the that he's the of up early so you have her ress.	rery old, it is greatest bo that they	still works xer in the v could wat	world./He ch the sur	is said to I		13.18	r in the wo
Ε.	36. are you 37. 'm going 38. 've airea		40. was	ld have er looking been look	Ten na i	43. '11	is sitting be I have ha		. starts
	47. You nee 48. You sho 49. He mus	n't be twins. dn't have lef uid/ought to/ t be ill. stn't talk duri	t so early./ had better	You didn't eat more	need/hav		610 (1) (1)		100mm
G.	52. Laura G 53. She has to her to 54. The film	ilm is being of hold has been s been given or her brillian will be shot ected that the	n chosen for several Os t acting, in the Sah	or the lead cars for h ara deser	d role. er brillian t.	ivo resiti i	Several O		Magazila Magazila
H.	outside 57. I wish I tightly, I	ny chauffeur school, they wasn't/werer would be ab ney weren't v	wouldn't h n't tied to th le to/could	ave kidna iis chair s escape.	pped me. o tightly, l	fiwasn't	/weren't ti	ed to this	chair so
	59. I wish I me.	could shout the state of the st			Million to a	o notice	n, they w	vertico si	ti ni lika

Marking Scheme for Test 2 th most year on bewould set

Exercises B, C, D, F, G, H, I: 4 points per item mass model visit of Exercises A, E: 4 points per item and provide and the pro

tennimeoTotal 200 nest; abnu yn ten 1.89

ase to find a no 062 right element of spending that 060 on a built of share

64. while 65. By the time

C. Fill in the other of begoing the market of

(TIME: 60 MINUTES)

Test 3 (Units 1 - 12)

A.	Choose the correct item.					
1.	You should stop working so	11. Do you know what he for a living? A) does B) makes C) is D) has				
2.	It sounded a baby crying but it was our cat. A) like B) as C) so D) if	Mozart is regarded the greatest composer of his time. A) such B) as C) like D) so				
3.	If you want to see the director, you'll have to	She was the fascinating person he had ever spoken to. A) less B) more C) much D) most				
4.	We were having nice time at the party that we stayed late. A) so B) such C) such a D) very	14. He didn't me he was looking for a job. A) say B) told C) said D) tell				
5.	Sally is more clever than her brother. A) much B) very C) so D) many	15. She she would phone me the next day. A) says B) said C) tells D) told				
6.	I go to the dentist often than I used to. A) much B) more C) most D) very	16. Billiards his favourite game. A) are B) be C) were D) is				
7.	Where the compasses? A) is B) are C) was D) do	 It is said that English make the best beer. A) an B) C) the D) some 				
8.	Margarine is fattening than butter. A) less B) least C) few D) fewer	 The criminal was sent to prison for five years. A) B) a C) the D) an 				
9.	There's the man stole my radio! A) what B) which C) whom D) who	19. I'd like milk in my tea, please.A) few B) a few C) a little D) little				
10.	He invited his two to the party. A) sisters-in-law B) sister-in-laws C) sisters'-in-law D) sister's-in-law	20 is your favourite singer; Kylie or Britney Spears?A) Whose B) Which C) Where D) What				
В.	Fill in the correct preposition or adverb.					
22. 23. 24.	 We had to put our skiing trip until Tom's leg got better. As I'd missed the last bus home, my friend put me for the night. While I was cleaning my room, I ran some of my old school exercise books. The letters C.I.D. stand Criminal Investigation Department. He borrowed money from the bank to set his new business. 					
C.	Fill in the correct preposition.					
	My father wasn't satisfied my school re She's trying to think a name for her new					

28. I'm very suspicious my neighbour. He's always acting strangely.

30. It's a waste money to spend more than £50 on a pair of shoes.

29. I met my uncle chance in the supermarket.

D. Rephrase the following sentences using the words in bold type.

31.	Although she's rich, she isn't very happy.	IN SPITE OF
32.	Terry works harder than June.	DOESN'T
33.	It wasn't necessary for him to pay me.	NEEDN'T
34.	It was the first time he had seen a dolphin.	BEFORE
35.	Colin is the best chess player of all.	OTHER

E. Complete the sentences using an appropriate word or phrase.

- 36. Fred was that he could lift a 100 kg weight.
- 37. If you my birthday, I would have been very angry.
- 38. Tony head by a man with a baseball bat.
- 39. We put on heavy clothes get cold on our journey.
- 40.he was only 2 years old, he could write his name.

F. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form.

G. Turn the following sentences into the Causative form.

- 46. Ted has asked a carpenter to put in new windows.
- 47. Tommy's mother washes his clothes for him.
- 48. She may ask the hairdresser to perm her hair tomorrow.
- 49. The servant is cleaning Lord Sutcliffe's shoes at the moment.
- 50. James asked the mechanic to repair his car.

H. Rewrite the sentences putting the words in the correct order.

- 51. home / early / arrived / they / this evening
- 52. Look at that / black / police / Alsatian / beautiful / dog
- 53. she / a(n) / bought / new / expensive / silk / black / dress
- 54. the dog / all night / in the garden / noisily / barked
- 55. I'd like / a / medium-rare / big / steak / please
- 56. almost I never / he / for work / is / late
- 57. often / last / the / student / she / to finish / is / the test
- 58. probably / James / won't / see / I / tomorrow /until
- 59. He always / nearly / all the way / runs / to school
- 60. exercises / difficult / I think / these / are / extremely

I. Rewrite the following in Reported Speech using appropriate introductory verbs.

- 61. "I'm sorry for being so angry last night," he said.
- 62. "I didn't tell them your secret," he said to Tom.
- 63. "My husband is always forgetting our wedding anniversary," she said. "And he never remembers my birthday either."
- 64. "Let's have a quiet night at home for a change," he said.
- 65. "O.K. I'll help you with the housework as long as you do the washing-up," he said to her.

T	EST	3	15 y 1505	EN EWARWA HIST	KEY	98.44	evoluti etti era	MILEN	.83
A.	1. C	3. B	5. A	7. B 9. I		13. D	15. B 17. C 16. D 18. A		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
	2. A	4. C	6. B	8. A 10. /		14. D	16. U 18. A	20. B	42
В.	21. off	22	2. up	23, across	24. for	25. up	c i strio reso en.	al rate)	36
C.	26. wit	h 2	27. of	28. of 2	9. by	30. of	White Arm Sa		83
D.			he fact th	at she's rich, she	s isn't very l	nappy./In sp	ite of being rich, s	she isn't v	/ery
		рру.			Les Marie	T ALTON			37
				hard as Terry (does).			Value .	
			have paid				THE PARTY OF THE P		
				dolphin before.	a to the con	or Deulina			1000
	35. No	other ch	ess playe	er is as good as	Colin (is).			E 145 54) Service
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	42. wa	s laughe	d at	44. has recently	y been advi:	sed		L(OSBE)	
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u.				dows put in by			AND SHARING A		
				es washed for hi		otner.		The state of	
				air permed tomo					174
				ng his shoes clea		moment.			
	50. Jai	mes nad	nis car re	paired by the m	echanic.	Company Agency			
H.	51 /Th	nis evenir	na) they a	rrived home ear	ly (this ever	nina)	Out da principale de contrav El	THE STATE OF	7447
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				James until tome		articianus.			
				s all the way to				1411-7111	250
	60. I th	ink these	e (exercis	es) are extremel	y difficult (e	xercises).		THE KIND	
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١.		ested ar		a disercia	dia Empe	mulitarine	Noviki Jannes II.	Mark Control	
	61. He	apologis	sed for be	ing/having been	so angry th	e night befo	ore/previous night	inder to 1	
	62. He	denied t	elling/hav	ing told them To	m's secret.	Track Continues	Soleti Colores		312
	63. Sh	e compla	lined that	her husband wa	is always fo	rgetting thei	r wedding annive	rsary, and	d

Marking Scheme for Test 3

64. He suggested having/that they (should) have a quiet night at home for a change. 65. He agreed to help her with the housework as long as she did the washing-up.

Exercises B, C, D, E, F, G, I: Exercises A, H:

added that he never remembered her birthday either.

4 points per item 2 points per item

Total 200

(TIME: 80 MINUTES)

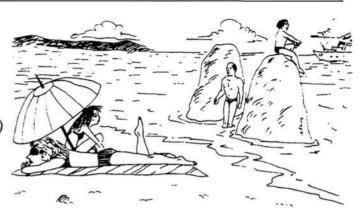
Test 4 (Units 1 - 15)

A.	Choose the correct item.	
1.	We decided to invite some friends for dinner	12. Have they moved house? I was going to offer to help them. A) already B) still C) yet D) ago
2.	I'm afraid I haven't got spare time this week. A) some B) any C) no D) none	Janette fell ill her summer holiday and had to spend several days in hospital. A) while B) until C) during D) at
3.	When Gary went swimming in the canal he got an infection in ear. A) each B) all C) every D) all	14. Bob and Sue met they were studying French in Avignon. A) while B) at C) during D) until
4.	"Hello? John Smyth speaking." A) This is B) Those are C) That is D) These are	15. You must be here 6 o'clock or else we will leave without you. A) until B) by C) on D) during
5.	Jim asked me if he could borrow my book because he had lost	16 the beginning of the story the two main characters meet in a lift. A) At B) On C) In D) To 17. The two drivers accused of having
6.	We got to the port just to catch the last ferry. A) for time B) the time C) on time D) in time	caused the accident. A) their B) them C) each other D) himself
7.	When Jeanne got paid she boughtsome new clothes. A) herself B) hers C) her D) she	18. We found the play boring at first, butthe end we were fascinated by it. A) at B) to C) on D) in 19. She's typed the report but she hasn't
8.	Not people speak Welsh, even though it's a fascinating language. A) much B) more C) a lot D) many	finished the letters A) still B) yet C) already D) now 20. We moved here ten years so we
9.	Mike and Tim did well on the test because of them had studied hard. A) either B) both C) neither D) all	know the city very well. A) before B) ago C) from D) then 21. John doesn't enjoy Indian food
10.	Tina spent the day working on a project for her English class. A) all B) most C) whole D) much	A) So do I B) So don't I C) Nor do I D) Nor I do.
11.	They didn't manage to get to the partyit was nearly over. A) by the time B) before C) until D) when	22. My car is the fastest I've ever ridden in. A) brother-in-law's B) brother-in-law C) brother-in-laws' D) brothers-in-law's

23.	She didn't have time to go to the hairdresser's so she dyed her hair	37. Could you when the London train arrives? A) say me B) tell C) say to me D) tell me
24.	I've got two bicycles, so you can borrow one of if you like. A) my B) me C) I D) mine	38. A camera is something is used for taking pictures. A) what B) which C) whose D) whom
25.	My parents are away for the weekend, so that can't be car outside. A) them B) ours C) theirs D) their	39. Don't forget to phone me,? A) do you B) would you C) will you D) you did
26.	There is hope of finding the missing boy. A) little B) less C) few D) many	40. We usually go on holiday Easter. A) on B) at C) in D) since
27.	I never put as sugar in cakes as the recipes call for. A) many B) much C) more D) a lot	41. She used to go out with Tom,? A) she did B) didn't she C) would she D) does she
28.	There were so people at the exhibition that you could hardly move. A) a lot of B) many C) much D) lots of	42. Sam goes to work by train Pete. A) Neither does B) Nor does C) So does D) Does so
29.	There are very potatoes. We'd better buy some more. A) many B) much C) little D) few	43. The longer you work, the money you earn. A) more B) most C) few D) very
30.	If you put soap on that stain, it will come out. A) some B) much C) any D) little	44. The best time to visit Spain is the spring. A) in B) at C) for D) on
31.	It took us day to get to the seaside as the traffic was so bad. A) whole B) all C) most D) the most	45. My father works at hospital on the outskirts of town. A) B) some C) an D) the
	All of the boys are at school of them are absent. A) All B) Some C) None D) Not one	46. When he left school he worked a bank clerk. A) like B) as C) so D) to
	Claire and Karen are French teachers.	47. You should do the teacher says. A) what B) which C) that D) who
34.	A) either B) neither C) both D) all "Which of these two dresses do you like?"	48. Can I have two of soap-powder please? A) slices B) jars C) cans D) boxes
	"I don't like of them." A) any B) both C) one D) either	49. If Ihim, I would have spoken to him. A) have seen B) was seeing
35.	Mary Jones was born in that house and she spent her life there. A) all B) whole C) one D) every	C) having seen D) had seen 50. It was disgusting food that I couldn't
36.	"Which pyjamas are yours?" "The yellow" A) ones B) one C) two	eat any of it. A) so B) such C) such a D) too

В.	Fill in the correct preposition or adverb.
51. 52 . 53. 54. 55.	James takes his father; he has the same colour hair and eyes. Kate turned late and her friends had already left. I've fallen with my work, so I'm doing some extra hours. Sally's so attractive and lively that men are always falling
C.	Fill in the correct preposition.
56. 57. 58. 59. 60.	Since I didn't have any cash, I paid
D.	Rephrase the following sentences.
61.	She gave me a happy smile.
62.	She
63.	The
64.	They'd never seen such a terrible film.
65.	I'm sure that isn't Malcom's car. That
66.	Burglars broke into Sid's house last night. Sid
E. F	Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense.
	r Mum,
for to (alreation about wereation	I've got some news. This (67) (probably/come) as a bit of a shock to you, but ert and I (68)
	Love, Judy
F.	Fill in the blanks with a suitable word or phrase.
75 . 76. 77 . 78. 79.	If you've finished, you

G. Fill in the correct prepositions.



H. Write questions to which the bold type words are the answers.

(86) Somebody broke into **Tom's** car. (87) They did it **last night**. (88) Tom had parked his car **in front of his house**. (89) Tom phoned **the police** as soon as he discovered what had happened. (90) The police are looking for **the person who did it**.

I. Rewrite the following passage in the Passive.

(91) A design firm hired Belinda last week. (92) Some highly respected designers had trained her. (93) Today her boss is showing her round the offices. (94) They have assigned her to a team that designs shops and public spaces. (95) They will send her to Paris next month to meet their designers there.

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J. Turn the following into Reported Speech using the appropriate introductory verb.

- 96. "It was you who woke up the baby," he said to her.
- 97. "I'm very sorry that I haven't written for so long," she said.
- 98. "Have you cleaned the car?" he said. "No, but I promise I'll do it tomorrow," she said.
- 99. "Stop talking or I'll give you extra homework," said the teacher to the students.
- 100. "Would you like to come to Paris with. me?". he said to her.

T	EST	4			K	EY	e de cheste	E + 7	t (Links	1861	979
A.	1.C 2. B 3.A 4.A 5.D	6.D 7.A 8.D 9.B 10.C	11.C 12.A 13.C 14.A 15.B	16.A 17.C 18.D 19.B 20.B	21.C 22.A 23.A 24.D 25.D	26.A 27.B 28.B 29.D 30.A	31.B 32.C 33.C 34.D 35.B	36.A 37.D 38.B 39.C 40.B	41.B 42.C 43.A 44.A 45.D	46.B 47.A 48.D 49.D 50.B	A
В.	51. af	ter 5	52. up	53. behi	nd	54. for	55. dow	m 0 89	inte	35	
C.	56. by	, 5	7. on	58. in	a ku.	59. for	60. by	to BE-		35	5
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G.	81. at	8	2. under	83. be	side/by/r	next to	84. betw		85. on (to	o of)	
н.	87. W 88. W 89. W	hen did here ha ho did 1	ar did some they do it? Id Tom par Tom phone the police I	ked his ca ?	ır?		- 1.0 j. si 1940 (0.0)	ina del Establica Establica	on crash erol cult law crash one vees	30 30 30 30 30 30	
ı.	92. Sh 93. To	ne had b day she	is being s	d by some	e highly ind the of	week, respected of fices (by ho designs sh	designers. er boss).	g modeli Sis	ous beel erpoliteel second ces.svora	98 109 201	9
				aris next	month to	meet their		s there.	had brok		
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ristic	the	e next/fo	ollowing da	y	4 / Sec. 15.	ar and she dents extra	v=416.1 1		heersys	GG.	do it
			her (to go			Decute	en dan ka La ben'nd		arbadada akala ban	,,,,	

Marking Scheme for Test 4

2 points each item 100 items x 2 points = 200

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ganual 19

92. Walking

Pre	-Test 1 (Units 1 -	4)	1	KEY			
A.	1. C 4. B 2. A 5. B 3. A 6. C	7. B 8. D 9. C	10. A 11. B 12. C	13. C 14. A 15. A	16. B 17. A 18. D	19. B 20. D 21. A	22. A 23. C 24. B
В.		away off	29. up 30. out	31. on 32. on	33. 34.	up through	
C.	35. for 37. 36. of 38.	of with	39. for 40. on	41. of 42. on	43. 44.	in between	
D.	45. already	46. yet	47. for	48.	how long	49.	since
E.	50. to send / to g 51. haven't / can' 52. have left 53. that she had 54. lost / was sac	t have cle told / tellir	ng / having to	56 57 old 58	5. have be 6. going 7. haven't 8. to help 9. have giv		
F.	60. been to Rome 61. was the last the factor of the factor	ime (that) o go to w film. s brother ridden a c for miles. for them	you went to ork. for a long time camel. to climb up the came as silly	ne. ne mountain	ı.		
G.	70. moved71. had broken72. was leaking73. are working74. have already	repaired	76. hav 77. are	painting en't finished going to bu have finishe be able	у		
Н.	80. arrested81. suspected82. had stolen	84. ha	d spent d released d been trying	87. is	have arres	sted 89.	had stolen
l.	90. to go 91. touring 92. walking	93. doi 94. to t 95. to t	ake 97	i. getting i. to stop i. trying	99. se 100. fir	tting up nishing	

Pre	-Test 2	(Units 5	- 8)				KE	Υ				
۹.	1. B	4.	В	7.	В	10.	В	13	3. C	16.	С	. 19. A
	2. D	5.	С	8.	D	11.	D	14	. A	17.	В	20. D
	3. A	6.	В	9.	Α	12.	С	15	. A	18.	Α	
3.	21. up	2	3. on		25.	up		27.	off	29.	up	
	22. ba	ack 2	4. afte	er	26.	roun	d	28.	for	30.	out	
Э.	31. or	1 3	3. of		35.	from		37.	of	39.	of	
	32. or	1 3	4. on		36.	at		38.	from	40.	to	
ο.	41. What a clever boy that is!											
	42. Would you mind helping me with the dishes, please?											
	43. She put on a coat so as not to get cold.44. Although this wine is quite cheap, it's good.											
	44. Although this wine is quite cheap, it's good.45. Have you ever been to a ballet before?											
		46. It has been said that she's the best athlete in the country.										
		e's not old						iete ii	i iiie c	ouriti y.	i	
		ne locked		-				ouldn'	t be b	ıraled		
		is believe										ets
		ou can't ph	- 5			50				•		
Ξ.	51. I think you should go to hospital.											
	52. He	e can't be	rich.	He alv	ways	wears	shal	by cl	othes.			
	52. He can't be rich. He always wears shabby clothes.53. He didn't need to leave so soon.											
	54. You mustn't / can't smoke here.											
	55. Th	ne letter m	night a	rrive	tomor	row.						
	56. ar	e you doir	ng		6	60. w	ere p	erform	ning		64.	will be
		n going						appe			65.	is starting
	58. ha	ive alread	y bee	n	6	32 ha	ad be					
			T:					en loc	king			
	59. wo	uld have	T:	ed		33. W	as try		oking			
à.	66. an	n staying	enjoye	ed	7	63. wa 70. Ha	ave y	ing ou eve	oking er bee	n	74.	
à.	66. an	n staying II have fin	enjoye	ed	6 7	63. wa 70. Ha 71. tra	ave y	ing ou evo		n		has lived works
à.	66. an 67. wi 68. wi	n staying Il have fin Il be able	enjoye	ed	6 7 7	3. wa 70. Ha 71. tra 72. di	ave y avellir dn't s	ing ou eve ig top	er bee	n		
à.	66. an	n staying Il have fin Il be able	enjoye	ed	6 7 7	3. wa 70. Ha 71. tra 72. di	ave y avellir dn't s	ing ou evo	er bee	n		
à. I.	66. an 67. wi 68. wi 69. we	n staying Il have fin Il be able ent hitton Dar	enjoye ished m was	burst	6 7 7 7 1 by h	63. wa 70. Ha 71. tra 72. di 73. ha eavy	ave your avelling the drawn of	ing ou eveng top en / w two d	er bee			
	66. an 67. wi 68. wi 69. we 76. W	n staying Il have fin Il be able ent hitton Dar any house	enjoye ished m was	burst e bee	t by h	63. wa 70. Ha 71. tra 72. dia 73. ha eavy maged	ave yavellir dn't s ad be- rains d by f	ing ou even ng top en / w two d loodw	er bee vent ays aq vater.			
	66. an 67. wi 68. wi 69. we 76. W 77. Ma 78. Th	n staying II have fin II be able ent hitton Dar any house ne flooded	enjoye ished m was es hav l hous	burst e bee es are	t by hen dare still	70. Ha 71. tra 72. die 73. ha eavy nageo being	ave your avelling the second s	ing ou even ng top en / w two d loodw	er bee vent ays aq ater.	go.	75.	
	66. an 67. wi 68. wi 69. we 76. W 77. Ma 78. Th	n staying Il have fin Il be able ent hitton Dar any house	ished m was es hav hous il be re	burst e bee es are epaire	t by hen dare still	70. Ha 71. tra 72. dia 73. ha eavy naged being	ave your avelling the state of	ing ou even ig top en / w two d loodw uated when	er bee	go. rains st	75. op.	

- 81. Three young children have been treated for burns by doctors at the city hospital.
 - 82. The boys were rescued by firemen from their burning house yesterday.
 - 83. The fire started when a match was dropped into the litter bin by one of the boys.
 - 84. The children are being transferred to a special burns unit today.
 - 85. The children will be kept there for at least two weeks.
- J. 86. I wish it wasn't snowing. If it wasn't snowing, I wouldn't feel cold.
 - 87. I wish there was some wood. If there was some wood, I could light a fire.
 - 88. I wish I had brought my radio with me. If I had brought my radio with me, I could listen to the weather forecast.
 - 89. I wish there was a telephone here. If there was a telephone here, I could call for help.
 - 90. I wish I had been told how difficult this would be. If I had been told how difficult this would be, I wouldn't have decided to try it./I would have decided not to try it.
- K. 91. I wish I had turned off the oven. If I had turned off the oven, the fire wouldn't have started.
 - 92. I wish the firemen would come soon. If the firemen come soon, the house won't have been burnt down.
 - 93. I wish I had been more careful. If I had been more careful, this wouldn't have happened.
 - 94. I wish I had insured the house against fire. If I had insured the house against fire, I would be able to repair it.
 - 95. I wish I hadn't panicked. If I hadn't panicked, I would've turned off the switches.
- L. 96. When 97. By the time 98. while 99. if 100. until

Pre	-Test 3 (Un	its 9 – 12)		KE			
Α.	1. B	4. A	7. A	10. C	13. D	16. B	19. A
	2. D	5. A	8. C	11. D	14. B	17. C	20. B
	3. D	6. D	9. C	12. B	15. C	18. B	
В.	21. up	23. for	25.	off	27. out	29.	out
	22. into	24. up	26.	off/out	28. through	30.	. in
C.	31. with	33. of	35.	from	37. about	39.	by
	32. at	34. of	36.	by	38. of	40.	of

- D. 41. Roy's motorbike isn't as fast as Jo's.
 - 42. We've never been to the circus before.
 - 43. We needn't have hurried.
 - 44. Pluto is further away from Earth than (all of) the other planets.
 - 45. Carol doesn't have as many friends as Sandra.
- E. 46. were arrested
- 48. had brought

50. so (that) they wouldn't

- 47. so expensive
- 49. Even though / Although
- F. 51. was 52. was beaten 53. had run 54. has been advised 55. is going to make
- G. 56. lived 57. was invited 58. had had 59. has been offered 60. will have to
- H. 61. Wendy had her husband's portrait painted.
 - 62. Mr Bond has his suits made (for him).
 - 63. I'm having the grass cut at the moment.
 - 64. We might have the machine checked.
 - 65. He will have the broken pipes repaired.
 - 66. He had his leg examined (by the nurse).
 - 67. We will have the letters typed (by the secretary).
 - 68. I'm having my room tidied at the moment.
 - 69. He may have the fence fixed.
 - 70. I always have my breakfast made for me (by my wife).
- 71. They arrived home late last night.
 - 72. Look at that beautiful black sheepdog.
 - 73. We bought a valuable old wooden table.
 - 74. The children played happily in the fields all day.
 - 75. I'll have a large fresh chocolate sponge cake, please.
 - 76. He often drives rather fast.
 - 77. She is usually the first person to arrive.
 - 78. I probably won't go to work tomorrow.
 - 79. He is still sleeping very deeply.
 - 80. I will definitely meet you this afternoon.
 - 81. He bought her a bottle of expensive perfume.
 - 82. Sometimes I stay late at the office on Friday.
 - 83. Listen to that terrible loud rock music.
 - 84. The farmer worked hard in the barn all afternoon.
 - 85. I bought a cheap old red sports car.
 - 86. You must talk more slowly.
 - 87. They set out yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock.
 - 88. She is almost always on time for school.
 - 89. He always phones me at 10:30 at night.
 - 90. He thought the film was quite entertaining.

- J. 91. He apologized for losing my ticket.
 - 92. She complained that the weather was cold and that she hadn't got a jacket.
 - 93. He suggested trying / that we try the new Italian restaurant.
 - 94. The policeman told them to go with him.
 - 95. She denied reading / that she had read my diary.
 - 96. She agreed to post the parcel for me.
 - 97. He asked her why she was smiling and she replied that she'd won £100.
 - 98. He denied taking / that he had taken my glasses.
 - 99. He apologized for making me angry the day before / the previous day.
 - 100. He suggested going / that we go camping that summer.

Pre	-Test 4 (Ur	nits 13 – 1	5)	KE	Y			
A.	1. C 2. B 3. A 4. A 5. D 6. A	7. D 8. C 9. C 10. B 11. C 12. A	13. C 14. B 15. C 16. D 17. D 18. C	19. B 20. A 21. D 22. A 23. B 24. A	25. C 26. B 27. A 28. D 29. C 30. B	31. A 32. B 33. B 34. C 35. A 36. B	37. D 38. B 39. B 40. D	
В.	41. after 42. off	43. up 44. on		down up	47. up 48. behind	49. 50.		
C.	51. on 52. by	53. by 54. in		on by	57. on 58. by	59. 60.		
D.	63. must 64. you to	ou eat, the have taken ell me how r	my wallet nuch the	ticket costs		to.		
E.	67. have	been thinkir	7 ng 7:	0. have alre 1. am going 2. had only 3. will have	l been looking	74. was 75. is	originally thin	king
F.	76. can go 77. hadn't		78. will ha	ave been liv of	ing 80.	had his car	/ bike / radio	, etc.
G.	81. beside	e / next to	82. in	to 83. c	out 84. up	85. u	nder	

- H. 86. When was the National Bank robbed?
- 89. Who called the police?
- 87. What time did the robbery happen?
- 90. Who are the police looking for?
- 88. How much did the robbers take?
- I. 91. A party will be held at Lord Simon Slope's country manor.
 - 92. His parties have always been attended by many major celebrities.
 - 93. Mary Fisher will be accompanied by George Blackheart.
 - 94. The party is expected to be a glamorous event.
 - 95. All the money Lord Slope raises will be given to charity.
- J. 96. She said that it had been a lovely performance.
 - 97. The robber warned the man not to move or he would shoot.
 - 98. She asked whether he had done the shopping. He admitted that he hadn't, but promised to do it that afternoon.
 - 99. He accused me of poisoning his dog.
 - 100. He complimented me on my car and asked (me) how much I had paid for it.

Pro	gress Test	t 1 (Units 1	<i>- 2)</i>	KE	ΕΥ			
A.	1. B	4. C	7. A	10. B	13. C	16. B	19. C	
	2. A	5. A	8. C	11. A	14. B	17. B	20. B	
	3. C	6. B	9. C	12. B	15. A	18. A		
В.	21. C	23. B	25. A	4	27. B	29.	В	
	22. B	24. C	26. 0	0	28. A	30.	Α	

	2 (Units 3	-)	KE				
1. B	4. B	7. A	10. B	13. B	16. B	19. B	
3. C	6. C	9. C	11. C 12. A	14. C 15. B	17. A 18. C	20. B	
21. C	23. B			27. A			
	1. B 2. C 3. C	1. B 4. B 2. C 5. A 3. C 6. C	1. B 4. B 7. A 2. C 5. A 8. B 3. C 6. C 9. C	1. B 4. B 7. A 10. B 2. C 5. A 8. B 11. C 3. C 6. C 9. C 12. A	1. B 4. B 7. A 10. B 13. B 2. C 5. A 8. B 11. C 14. C 3. C 6. C 9. C 12. A 15. B	1. B	1. B

Pro	gress Test	t 3 (Units 5	- 6)	KEY				
Α.	1. B	4. C	7. B	10. A	13. A	16. A	19. A	
	2. A	5. B	8. B	11. B	14. B	17. B	20. C	
	3. C	6. C	9. B	12. B	15. C	18. B		
В.	21. A	23. B	25. 0		27. B	29.	С	
	22. C	24. A	26. A	١	28. A	30.	В	

Pro	gress Test	4 (Units 7	- 8)	KEY			3.
A.	1. B	4. B	7. B	10. A	13. A	16. A	19. A
	2. C	5. A	8. B	11. B	14. C	17. C	20. B
	3. A	6. C	9. C	12. B	15. B	18. B	
В.	21. B	23. B	25. A	A	27. C	29.	С
	22. C	24. A	26. /	Ą	28. B	30.	Α

Score 1 point for each correct answer.

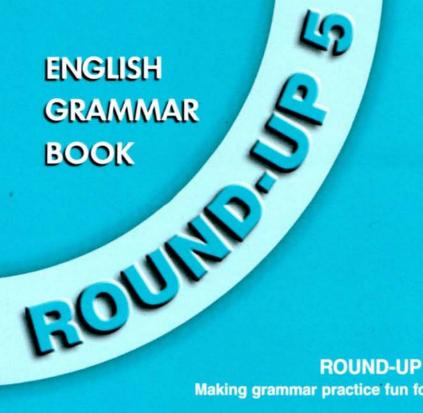
Pro	gress Test	t 5 (Units 9	- 10)	· KE	Y		
A.	1. B	4. B	7. B	10. A	13. B	16. B	19. C
	2. C	5. C	8. B	11. B	14. C	17. C	20. B
	3. A	6. C	9. C	12. A	15. A	18. A	
В.	21. C	23. B	25. E	3	27. B	29.	Α
	22. A	24. A	26. 0		28. C	30.	С

Progress Test 6 (Units 11 - 12)				KE	Y		
Α.	1. A	4. B	7. A	10. B	13. C	16. A	19. C
	2. C	5. C	8. C	11. A	14. C	17. C	20. B
	3. C	6. C	9. B	12. B	15. B	18. C	
В.	21. A	23. B	25. B		27. A	29.	С
	22. B	24. C	26. B		28. B	30.	В

Progress Test 7 (Units 13 - 14)				KE	Y		
Α.	1. C	4. A	7. A	10. B	13. A	16. C	19. C
	2. B	5. B	8. B	11. A	14. B	17. C	20. A
	3. C	6. C	9. B	12. B	. 15. B	18. B	
В.	21. A	23. B	25. (5	27. C	29.	В
	22. C	24. A	26. 0		28. C	30.	С

Score 1 point for each correct answer.

Prog	gress Test	t 8 (Units 1	– 15)	KEY			
A.	1. B	5. C	9. C	13. B	17. C	21. B	25. B
	2. A	6. A	10. B	14. C	18. A	22. C	
	3. C	7. B	11. A	15. B	19. A	23. A	
	4. B	8. A	12. C	16. C	20. C	24. C	
В.	26. A	29. C	32. B		35. B	38.	С
	27. B	30. C	33. A		36. B	39.	В
	28. C	31. A	34. C		37. A	40.	С



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